MAY 2 2 1989

Richard Clute Environmental Affairs Coordinator WCI Freezer Division 701 33rd Avenue North St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303

Re: WCI Freezer Division MND 092 304 856

Dear Mr. Clute:

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) has reviewed the "Proposed Sampling Work Plan", dated May 3, 1989, and concurs (conditionally) with your scheme for sampling. The following items are important from this Agency's perspective in order to ensure that quality results are achievable toward our mutual effort of environmentally assessing the condition of soil and groundwater at your facility.

- 1. Further clarification and specification is needed concerning certain details of the proposed plan. First, it is not clear whether PACE Laboratories will filter way ter samples in the field such that resulting analyses will characterize the dissolved metals content of groundwater. While U.S. EPA and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) can prepare for conducting this step in the event that PACE doesn't comparison of data would be most meaningful if split samples are derived through a consistent collection history, and are subjected to a single filtration step conducted in the field before preservation.
- Second, there were no plans offered regarding decontamination of the sampling bailer. U.S. EPA has its own guidelines and policies for decontamination and use of bailers which should be adhered to. PACE Laboratories and the U.S. EPA should agree on all aspects pertaining to bailer utilization before well sampling is initiated.
- 2. The U.S. EPA intends to acquire additional soil samples, representative of further depth increments beyond those proposed by PACE and WCI, during the sampling visit. We do not plan to drill additional boreholes beyond the number proposed by WCI. However, the total inventory of samples intended for collection by U.S. EPA would be somewhat greater. In the empty container storage area, U.S. EPA will analyze five VOA samples from each of two boreholes. In the Closed Holding Pond, U.S. EPA will analyze five VOA samples and five samples for routine

analytical services (RAS) metals from each of two boreholes. In the hole designated as background, five sampling intervals will be analyzed for both VOA and RAS metals

Included in the above, U.S. EPA will obtain a split of every sample taken by WCI. The procedure for taking additional samples will be consistent with procedures used by WCI, and should not inconvenience field personnel to any great degree. It should also be mentioned here that both soil borings, representative of the closed lagoon location, should be taken from the old "lagoon inlet" areas.

3. WCI's written proposal should be modified to address the following:

WCI must present to representatives of both the U.S. EPA and the MPCA viable plans for decontamination of bailers, collection buckets and sample containers. The intended sample procedures for groundwater collection should be outlined in these plans. A protocol for well purging and well development stabilization techniques should be submitted. WCI must also clarify their written discussion of how head space analyses will be conducted for the soil borings.

I trust these minor difficulties can be resolved in the relatively near future in order for our cooperative environmental investigation to proceed in timely fashion beginning the week of June 5, 1989. If you have further questions or comments please direct them to Mr. Allen A. Debus of my staff at (312) 886-6186.

Sincerely,

Charles B. Slaustas, Chief MN/WI Section, RPB

cc: Kevin Veach, MPCA

5hr-13/DEBUS/ad/5-16-89/wrr disk/wcisampl



Waste Management Division
Waste REGION W





1710 Douglas Drive North

Minneapolis, MN 55422
Phone (612) 544-5543
FAX (612) 544-3974

May 17, 1989

Mr. Kevin Veach Permit and Review Unit Hazardous Waste Section Minnesota Pollution Control Agency 520 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155

Mr. Allen Debus U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region V 230 South Dearborn Street Chicago, IL 60604

Re: Proposed Sampling Work Plan; Addendum #1; WCI Freezer Division; St. Cloud, Minnesota

Gentlemen:

I am writing to clarify various items discussed during a telephone conversation with Mr. Veach on May 16, 1989.

The items discussed were as follows:

- You desire confirmation that a three inch split spoon will be during the soil boring activities. A three inch split spoon will be used.
- You desire field quality assurance information concerning PACE's standard chain of custody procedures, bottle and bailer preparation procedures and our field filtration procedures. A copy of our <u>Groundwater Monitoring Field Quality Assurance Manual</u> is enclosed for your records.
- You desire documentation of our laboratory quality assurance procedures. A copy of PACE's current Quality Assurance Plan is enclosed for your records.
- 4. You desire a description of the steps and timing for well development activities. The wells are scheduled for installation during the first half of the week beginning June 4, 1989. Braun Engineering Testing, Inc. will develop the wells on June 9, 1989 by jetting and pumping as needed to provide nearly sediment-free water. The wells will be allowed to stabilize over the following week and we anticipate sampling the wells on June 19 or 20, 1989.

Mr. Kevin Veach Mr. Allen Debus PACE Project No. 890228.120 May 17, 1989 Page 2

5. You desire clarification that HNU meter screening will be provided on the background soil boring. The samples will be so screened and two samples with the highest readings will be submitted to the laboratory for volatile organic compound (VOC) analyses (EPA SW 846 Method 8240). Soil from samples having lower organic screening concentrations than the two highest readings will, upon request, be properly preserved and made available to the MPCA and/or the U.S. EPA for additional VOC analyses.

Please contact me if you have any questions about the items above.

Sincerely,

Daniel A. Comeau

Environmental Scientist

DAC222/mc

Enclosures

cc: Richard B. Clute, WCI
Dale Stephenson, Esq., Squire,
Sanders & Dempsey



May 3, 1989

Mr. Kevin Veach Permit and Review Unit Hazardous Waste Section Minnesota Pollution Control Agency 520 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155

Mr. Allen A. Debus
U.S. Environmental Protection
Agency -- Region V
230 South Dearborn Street
Chicago, IL 60604

Gentlemen:

I am submitting WCI's Proposed Sampling Work Plan which was prepared by our consultants Pace Laboratories, Inc. I understand that Dan Comeau from Pace has communicated directly with Kevin Veach in preparing this plan. We look forward to your prompt concurrence in this proposal so that we can proceed with the work on schedule.

Please contact Dan Comeau if you have any technical questions. Otherwise, please feel free to contact either me or Dale Stephenson if you would like to discuss this further.

Sincerely,

Richard B. Clute

Environmental Affairs Coordinator

RBC/ski Enclosure

cc: Mary L. Fulghum, Esq. (w/encl.)
 James L. Calhoun (w/encl.)
 Raymond G. Dauscher, Esq. (w/encl.)
 Dale E. Stephenson, Esq. (wo/encl.)
 Daniel A. Comeau (wo/encl.)

Additional Offices: Brussels, Belgium Columbus, Ohio Mami, Florida New York, New York Phoenix, Arigona Washington, D.C. Counsellors at Law 1800 Huntington Building Cleveland, Ohio 44115

November 16, 1988

Telephone (216) 687-8500 Cable "Squiresand" Telex 985-661 Telecopier 1 (216) 687-8777 Telecopier 2 (216) 687-8780

Direct Tial Number

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Charles B. Slaustas Chief, Minnesota/Wisconsin Section U.S. EPA - Region V 230 South Dearborn Street Chicago, Illinois 60604



Re: WCI Freezer Division (St. Cloud, Minnesota)
White Consolidated Industries, Inc.

Dear Mr. Slaustas:

I am writing on behalf of White Consolidated Industries, Inc. ("WCI") in response to requests from U.S. EPA and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency ("MPCA") to take soil boring samples, and install and sample groundwater monitoring wells, as part of a "RCRA Facility Assessment" at the WCI Freezer Division in St. Cloud, Minnesota. We have discussed this matter with both Allen Debus of your staff and Kevin Veach at the MPCA, and indicated that while WCI questions the regulatory authority asserted by the Agencies, the company would retain an independent consultant to review the proposed Sampling Plan and develop an informed response to the proposed Assessment. Of course, if any investigation is to be conducted on WCI's property regarding non-RCRA units (including both the pre-RCRA holding pond which was properly closed under an MPCAapproved plan and the RCRA-exempt empty drum storage area), WCI fully reserves its rights to do the investigation itself, and objects to any attempt by U.S. EPA, MPCA or their contractors to enter the property and take any unilateral action such as performing soil borings or installing monitoring wells. WCI is willing, however, to undertake some voluntary investigation activities and continue to work cooperatively and in good faith with U.S. EPA and the MPCA.

Mr. Charles B. Slaustas November 16, 1988 Page Two

Initially, WCI does not believe that the statutory and regulatory provisions cited in your August 26, 1988 letter provide a right for the Agencies to unilaterally undertake or require implementation of the proposed Sampling Plan in the specific context of the closed, pre-RCRA holding pond area or the closed, RCRA-exempt empty drum storage area. First, the old wastewater holding pond at WCI's St. Cloud facility was subject to a State-approved closure back in 1979, with 5,200 cubic yards of sediment and associated soils being removed, confirmatory samples of underlying soils taken and analyses provided to the MPCA, and proper backfilling of the area with clean soil. The area is presently covered by a warehouse building which was constructed in 1979. Second, the area previously used for storage of empty product containers prior to returning them to suppliers did not involve any RCRA-regulated activity. e.g., 40 C.F.R. §261.7. The WCI Freezer Division has never operated any RCRA-regulated treatment or disposal facility, and has concluded all requirements for maintaining generator-only status, as indicated in the MPCA's formal determination issued on July 28, 1988:

This is to advise you that your request for a change in status to that of a generator accumulating waste on-site in accordance with applicable Minnesota Hazardous Waste Rules has been approved. This letter constitutes the final administrative action on your hazardous waste facility permit application for the St. Cloud Facility.

[See July 28, 1988 letter from Richard A. Svanda, P.E., which identified you as a co-correspondent.] Thus, the facility is not seeking, and is not required to seek, any RCRA permit under 42 U.S.C. Section 6921 et seq.

The Agencies' request for a detailed "RCRA Facility Assessment" included a proposal to take soil borings and install groundwater monitoring wells around the closed, pre-RCRA holding pond, and take soil borings around the RCRA-exempt empty container storage area. First, RCRA Section 3007(a), 42 U.S.C. § 6927(a), only provides the Agency with inspection and sampling authority regarding RCRA "hazardous wastes." Of course, the area of the holding pond which was closed in 1979 cannot possibly meet that definition. First, accumulated sediments and residual materials were removed under the direction of the MPCA back in 1979. Further, it would be impossible to have generated a RCRA "hazardous waste" before the operative regulations were promulgated or became effective in 1980. Accordingly, U.S. EPA Federal Register statements from 1978 to the present expressly recognize the exclusion of pre-RCRA wastes and sites from general RCRA regulation:

Mr. Charles B. Slaustas November 16, 1988 Page Three

RCRA is written in the present tense and its regulatory scheme is organized in a way which seems to contemplate coverage only of those facilities which continue to operate after the effective date of the regulations.

[43 Fed. Reg. 58946, 58984 (December 18, 1978); see also 45 Fed. Reg. 12746, 12747 (February 26, 1980), 45 Fed. Reg. $\overline{33154}$, 33170 (May 19, 1980).] Since materials generated before the categories of listed and characteristic "hazardous wastes" were adopted in 1980 are not subject to RCRA, the Agencies' reliance on Section 3007(a) is misplaced. The pre-RCRA exclusion is also confirmed by U.S. EPA in secondary guidance materials. For example, U.S. EPA's publication "Questions and Answers On Hazardous Waste Regulations," Doc. No. SW-853, contains the following dialogue:

[QUESTION] If a plant ceases on-site disposal prior to November 19, 1980, is it subject to the RCRA regulations?

[ANSWER]

No. The regulations apply only to hazardous waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities that either are in operation or begin operation on or after November 19, 1980, the effective date of the regulations. If, however, the on-site facility was handling hazardous waste on the date of promulgation of the regulations (May 19, 1980), the owner or operator must notify under Section 3010 of RCRA, even though the facility closed before the regulations became effective

The on-site facility would be an inactive facility, which is defined as "inactive portion" in Section 260.10 [now 40 C.F.R. § 260.10]. An inactive facility is subject to Section 7003 of RCRA. Under this section of the statute, EPA can seek injunctive action to remedy an imminent hazard's [sic] being caused by the facility.

The first time that RCRA "hazardous wastes" were given an operative definition was on May 19, 1980, and materials generated before that date cannot be RCRA "hazardous wastes."

Mr. Charles B. Slaustas November 16, 1988 Page Four

It is also important to note that, even if WCI's closed, pre-RCRA holding pond was considered to involve RCRA "hazardous wastes" (which WCI disputes), the appropriate authority for detailed monitoring, testing and analysis (as opposed to general inspections and sampling of presently regulated waste materials) would be found under RCRA Section 3013, 42 U.S.C. § 6934. Under that section, however, the regulatory procedure for pursuing such activities would be through (1) a determination that RCRA hazardous wastes "may present a substantial hazard to human health or the environment," and (2) issuance of an administrative order. Even in this context, the Agency does not have unilateral authority to go in and undertake work on its own, but can only direct the owner or operator to submit and implement its own "proposal for carrying out the required monitoring, testing, analysis and reporting." 42 U.S.C. § 6934(c). See, e.g., In re Order Pursuant to Section 3013(a) RCRA, 550 F. Supp. 1361 (W.D. Wash., 1982). Of course, this provision is again premised on the presence of RCRA hazardous wastes (which are not involved in WCI's closed, pre-RCRA holding pond), and U.S. EPA's present request does not claim to be submitted under the authority of Section 3013.

I understand from speaking with Allen Debus and Kevin Veach (and from your August 26, 1988 letter) that the Agencies also consider the requested investigation to be authorized under the "corrective action" provisions of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984. The statutory authority for corrective action in RCRA Section 3004(u), 42 U.S.C. § 6924(u), only applies to situations "at a treatment, storage, or disposal facility seeking a permit under this subchapter . . . " [Emphasis supplied.] Since WCI is not "seeking a permit," the Agencies' reliance on this provision is misplaced. Further, the corrective action authority would only apply to circumstances where there are identified "releases of hazardous waste or constituents," and your August 26, 1988 letter acknowledges that the "purpose of the proposed sampling visit [is] to determine whether releases have ever occurred. . . . " Neither Section 3004(u) nor the implementing regulations for RCRA corrective action provide an independent basis for requiring investigation and monitoring relating to non-RCRA units which are not known to involve "releases of hazardous waste or constituents."

The limited scope of the corrective action authority is also reflected in the derivative regulatory enactment. In the final rulemaking published at 50 Fed. Reg. 28746 (July 15, 1985), the regulations requiring corrective action activities were promulgated in 40 C.F.R. Part 264 (at 40 C.F.R. §§ 264.100 and 264.101). Consistent with the express statutory scope, the regulations in Part 264 apply prospectively and only to facilities seeking (or required to seek) a final Part B RCRA permit. As noted in United

Mr. Charles B. Slaustas November 16, 1988 Page Five

Technologies Corp. v. U.S. EPA, 821 F.2d 714, 722 (D.C. Cir. 1987), "Section 3004(u), in essence, creates the broad duty to take corrective action as a quid pro quo to obtaining a permit." (Emphasis supplied.) Since WCI is not seeking such a permit, and has been certified by the MPCA as having achieved final closure and exemption from any requirement to pursue a final permit, Part 264 (including §§ 264.100 and 264.101) is inapplicable to WCI's St. Cloud facility. See 40 C.F.R. §§ 264.1 and 264.3. Part 264 applies only to regulated TSD facilities seeking a final permit, and the St. Cloud plant is not such a facility.

The only remaining "corrective action" authority included in the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendment of 1984 is contained in RCRA Section 3008(h), 42 U.S.C. § 6928(h), which provides for issuance of "an order requiring corrective action or such other response measure" to "a facility authorized to operate under section 6925(e) of this title . . . " As indicated above, WCI's St. Cloud facility has been certified by the MPCA to not require a RCRA permit (i.e., it does not require authorization "to operate under Section 6925(e)"), and Section 3008(h) of RCRA, 42 U.S.C. § 6928(h), is likewise inapplicable. In any event, the Agencies' request to conduct an investigation relating to the closed, pre-RCRA holding pond and the RCRA-exempt empty container storage area is admittedly not based on any determination (1) "that there is or has been a release of hazardous waste into the environment"; or (2) that any such a release could be "from a facility authorized to operate" under RCRA.

WCI believes that the Agencies' authority is limited to entering the facility at reasonable times to investigate, inspect or obtain samples directly relating to RCRA hazardous wastes. 42 U.S.C. § 6927(a). In addition, RCRA Section 3013 allows the Agencies to issue an order seeking a company's proposal to carry out "monitoring, testing, analysis, and reporting," if a determination has been made that the presence or release of RCRA hazardous wastes "may present a substantial hazard to human health or the environment." 42 U.S.C. § 6934. Neither the closed holding pond from which pre-RCRA materials were removed in 1979, nor the RCRA-exempt empty container storage area which is no longer used, presents a situation where the inspection, monitoring, analysis and testing provisions of RCRA would be applicable.

Despite the apparent lack of statutory authorization for the activities requested by the Agencies, WCI wants to continue its policy and practice of working constructively with regulatory agencies whenever possible. Toward that end, WCI is willing to pursue, at its own cost, a limited investigation of the closed holding pond and empty container storage areas. First, WCI agrees

Mr. Charles B. Slaustas November 16, 1988 Page Six

to voluntarily take the two (2) soil borings, and perform related sampling and analysis, relating to the empty container storage area. With respect to the closed, pre-RCRA holding pond, WCI believes that a more limited initial investigation would be appropriate.

Since the expenses of excessive drilling and laboratory work repidly inflate costs, WCI will limit the investigation relating to the closed, pre-RCRA holding pend to two (2) soil borings and two (2) downgradient monitoring wells. In addition, background soil samples will be collected. I understand that groundwater flow direction is well defined in this area, and two down gradient wells should provide an adequate system to identify any concerns. Similarly, limiting the soil sampling to two (rather than four) borings should avoid unnecessary duplicative work. If this initial assessment indicates substantive reasons to expand the preliminary investigation, WCI will consider the need for additional work. Finally, WCI does not perceive any reason for performing / repetitive analyses of soil borings in this situation. WCI will collect split samples at $2 \ 1/2$ foot intervals from each of the 4 borings, with one portion to be preserved for laboratory analysis and one portion for head space analysis. The two samples from each boring indicating the highest levels of volatile organics will undergo extraction and laboratory analysis for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) according to EPA SW 846 methods. In addition, both of the soil borings in the area of the closed holding pond (as well as the background boring) will have five samples analyzed for RAS total metals.

I trust that this voluntary effort by WCI will satisfy the Agencies' concerns. Please do not hesitate to call if you have any questions regarding this matter. WCI will work directly with Allen Debus and Kevin Veach to implement the activities agreed to by this letter, which will be overseen by Dan Comeau at Pace Laboratories.

Sincerely yours,

Vale & Stepherson / 56.

DES/kb

cc: Kevin Veach
Allen A. Debus
James L. Calhoun
Raymond G. Dauscher, Esq.
Daniel Marques
Daniel Comeau



Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

520 Lafayette Road, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155

Telephone (612) 296-6300



July 10, 1990

Mr. Richard Clute Environmental Affairs Coordinator WCI Freezer Division 701 33rd Avenue North St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303

RE: WCI, St. Cloud, EPA Identification Number MND092304856

Dear Mr. Clute:

The RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) of the above-referenced facility has been completed. Based on the results of soil and ground water analyses, the conclusion of the RFA is that no further investigation is justified. Enclosed is a copy of the letter of transmittal of the RFA report to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The EPA agrees with the conclusion of the RFA report. This conclusion effectively completes the closure process at this facility.

If you have any questions or comments, please call Sarah Sevcik of my staff at 612-642-0432.

Sincerely,

Thomas B Townsend for

Bruce W. Brott, P.E., Supervisor Permit and Review Unit Regulatory Compliance Section Hazardous Waste Division

BWB:mk

cc: Mr. Charles Slaustas U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Chicago

Mr. Daniel Harquis, P.E. WCI Hajor Appliance Group P.D. Box 182056 Columbus, OH 43218 AM 2 8 989

PE: MCI Freezer ramu92304856

Dear Mr. Marquis:

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) requests clearance to conduct a RCRA Facility Assessment sampling visit beginning September 12, 1988. It is anticipated that the visit will require 1 week of dedicated activity by staff of the U.S. EPA, its contractors, who are Jacobs Engineering and Detcalf & Eddy, and also the Hinnesota Pollution Control Agency (LPCA). It may be necessary to utilize portions of the following week for completing the intended scope of work. You have already been provided with the proposed sampling plan under separate cover.

Authority to conduct sampling of hazardous wastes rests in RCPA Section 3007(a), in which it is stated that U.S. EPA inspectors may "...enter...any establishment or other place...to inspect and obtain samples from any person of any such wastes..." Furthermore, as explained in the Federal Register, July 15, 1985, Vol.5U, pp. 28711 - 28712, owners and/or operators of facilities seeking a RCRA permit are subject to the corrective action provisions of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984. Since your facility located in St. Cloud, Hinnesota acquired interim status for operation of a hazardous waste container storage unit, HCI will be subject to such provisions. However, it is primarily the purpose of the proposed sampling visit to determine whether releases have ever occurred from solid waste management units operated at the site.

Unless written correspondence proves contrary, we will assume we have your consent to conduct the inspection pursuant to our statutory authority. Please contact ir. Allen A. Debus of my staff, at (312) 886-6186, for further details.

Sincerely yours,
ORIGINAL SIGNED BY
CHARLES B. SLAUSTAN

Charles B. Slaustas, Chief MN/WI Section

cc: Kevin Veach, MPCA

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Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

OFFICE OF RCRA
ste Management Division

August 12, 1988

Mr. Daniel Marques, P.E. WCI Major Appliance Group P.O. Box 182056 Columbus, Ohio 43218

Dear Mr. Marques:

RE: RCRA Facility Assessment, WCI Freezer Division St. Cloud, Minnesota

I am writing to request some additional information which will help the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) complete its investigation at WCI's St. Cloud facility. In 1986, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) contractors began a RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) of the St. Cloud facility. Their report concluded that sampling should be done in two areas to determine the existence of soil or ground water contamination. These areas are the empty container storage area south of the paint building and the area of the former wastewater lagoon. We are currently developing a sampling plan for these areas. As I discussed with Mr. Dick Clute on August 4, 1988, the sampling would tentatively include two soil borings in the container area and four soil borings and three monitoring wells related to the former lagoon. The parameters to be tested include metals and volatile organic compounds. Samples would be collected by an EPA contractor and could be split with WCI if you wish. We would like to do the sampling during the week of September 12. As we previously discussed, the MPCA will provide you with a final sampling plan when one is completed, most likely by August 22.

If possible, we will conduct all of the lagoon related soil borings outside of the warehouse building in order to avoid disrupting warehouse activities. Please assist us in this by sending us blueprints or drawings which accurately show the boundaries and locations of the lagoon and the new warehouse addition which lies over it. We wish to determine the boundaries of the former lagoon with respect to the new warehouse addition. If possible the drawings should have a scale of at least one inch = 100 feet, show the date of the lagoon drawing and show distances from both 8th Street North and the west walls of the old warehouse building.

Phone:_

Mr. Daniel Marques, P.E. Page Two

Please send us your response by August 22. If you have any questions, please call me at 612/296-8582.

Sincerely,

Kevin Veach

Permit and Review Unit Hazardous Waste Section Hazardous Waste Division

KV:dmf

cc: Dick Clute, WCI, Freezer Division, St. Cloud Chuck Slaustas, EPA, Region V, Chicago



Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

October 28, 1986

Mr. Danial Marques
WCI Appliance Group
300 Philipi Road
P. O. Box 182056
Columbus, Ohio 43218

Dear Mr. Marques:

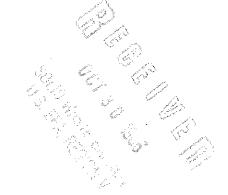
RE: Response to October 15 Meeting with Franklin Manufacturing Company

Thank you for your prompt response to our meeting on October 15 at the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) office. Please allow me to expand and clarify a few points in your letter.

Representing the MPCA at the meeting were Steven A. Reed, Supervisor; Kevin C. Veach, Project Engineer; and George E. Johnson, Project Hydrologist; Bruce Nelson was not present.

Copies of items 4, 6, 7, and 8 of the September 8, 1986 MPCA letter were mailed to Dick Clute of Franklin Mfg. on Thursday October 16.

On October 21 a letter was sent to Dick Clute describing the goals and stages of the RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) as well as a detailed list of items to be reviewed during a visual site inspection. As mentioned in the meeting, the purpose of the RFA is to determine the need for further investigation of releases. Contrary to your statement on page two of your letter, the MPCA did not state that an RFA would be limited to a visual site inspection. As I stated explicitly, the RFA may include a sampling visit if it is needed. We did agree that if a sampling visit is needed, a detailed sampling plan and sampling date will be discussed with representatives of Franklin Mfg. prior to the visit.



(65)

Mr. Danial Marques Page Two

If you have any questions please feel free to contact Kevin Veach at 612/297-1794.

Sincerely,

Steven A. Reed, P.E., Supervisor Hazardous Waste Permit and Review Unit

Hazardous Waste Section

Solid and Hazardous Waste Division

SAR:KV:cv

cc: Richard Clute, Franklin Mfg. Charles Slaustas, Region V, EPA

MND092304856



Minnesota Pollution Control Agency



Mr. Richard Clute Franklin Manufacturing Company 701 - 33rd Avenue North St. Cloud, Minnesota 56301

Dear Mr. Clute:

As part of the permitting process under the 1984 Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA) amendments, a RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) is required of your facility. The objective of this review is to determine whether there have been, or are likely to be, releases of hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents at the facility which require further investigation. This analysis will provide information to establish the need for subsequent remedial investigations. The first stage of the RFA is a preliminary review (PR) which consists of a search of all files which may be obtained prior to a site visit. The goals of the PR are to identify solid waste management units and gather information on possible releases.

The second stage of this analysis is a site visit to your facility to verify and determine the location of all "Solid Waste Management Units" (SWMUs). We are requesting permission for a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) contractor to visit your facility for the purpose of a visual inspection of these SWMUs. This site visit is to enable the contractor to attain a technical understanding of current and historical waste flows. Photographs of each SWMU are to be taken to document conditions at the facility and waste management procedures used. No samples will be taken during this site visit.

As a final stage of the RFA, sampling may be required. If sampling is required, you will be contacted by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency and a sampling plan and date will be arranged prior to the sampling visit.

Mr. Richard Clute Page Two

The contractor may require the assistance of some of your personnel in reviewing solid waste flow, associated units, past and present disposal practices, etc. The attachment to this letter is a partial list of items which the contractor will consider during the site visit to clarify and supplement previously submitted information. The list is separated into general items and items related to specific SWMUs. Additional issues may be reviewed at the time of the site visit.

We would like to conduct the site visit during the week of October 27, 1986. Should you have any questions please contact Kevin Veach of my staff at 612/297-1794.

Sincerely,

George Pruchnofski, PE.

Steven A. Reed, P.E., Supervisor Hazardous Waste Permit and Review Unit

Hazardous Waste Section

Solid and Hazardous Waste Division

SAR/jmh

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Charles Slaustas, EPA Region V, Illinois



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5

230 SOUTH DEARBORN ST. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60604

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF:

FEB IV 1988

Dale E. Stephenson, Esq. Squire, Sanders, & Dempsey 1800 Huntington Building Cleveland, Ohio 44115

Re: White Consolidated Industries, Inc., Freezer Division, St. Cloud, MN

Dear Mr. Stephenson:

I have reviewed your letter to Mr. Charles B. Slaustas questioning U.S. EPA's authority to conduct soil sampling and groundwater monitoring at the White Consolidated Industries, Inc. Freezer Division in St. Cloud, Minnesota (WCI). As you might expect, the Agency's interpretation of its inspection, sampling, and corrective action authority is somewhat broader than that which you articulated.

As your letter acknowledged, pursuant to RCRA Section 3007(a), U.S. EPA has authority to enter, at reasonable times, any facility where hazardous wastes are or have been generated, stored, disposed of, or transported from, to inspect and obtain samples of such wastes. RCRA does not limit the Agency's inspection and sampling authority to Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs). EPA may inspect any area in which hazardous wastes may be or may have been stored, and take background samples if helpful to aid in the detection of releases. There is simply no mention of SWMUs in 3007(a) or any indication that Congress implicitly intended to limit EPA's inspection and sampling authority to SWMUs. The purpose of an inspection and sampling visit is to detect the presence of hazardous wastes. The Agency can not countenance an interpretation that would emasculate its ability to pursue RCRA's broad remedial goals.

The Agency rejects the view that it is "impossible to have generated a RCRA hazardous waste before the regulations were promulgated or became effective," and as a result, only hazardous waste management units operating at the time of RCRA's enactment are subject to EPA's sampling and monitoring authority. While RCRA is generally characterized as a prospective regulatory scheme, it clearly relates to present and future conditions resulting from past disposal practices, including releases of hazardous waste from closed, pre-RCRA units within facilities.

Dale E. Stephenson Page Two

This view has been upheld by the federal courts in $\frac{U.S.\ v.}{Northeastern\ Pharmaceutical}$, 810 F.2d 726, 741, (8th Cir. 1986) and U.S. v. Price, 523 F.Supp. 1055, 1071-72 (D. N.J. 1981).

In addition, as you observed, RCRA Section 3013 empowers the Agency to order a facility to conduct monitoring and analysis that the Agency deems reasonable to ascertain the nature and extent of the release of hazardous wastes from a facility at which hazardous waste has been stored or disposed of. Such monitoring may be carried out by the Agency if it is determined that the facility could not carry out the monitoring in a satisfactory manner. RCRA Section 3013(d)(1).

Also, the dialogue quoted from the U.S. EPA publication discusses whether a facility that ceased disposal prior to date of promulgation of RCRA would be regulated under RCRA. It does not address whether a release of hazardous waste from a unit closed prior to RCRA but within a RCRA storage facility may be subject to RCRA regulations. Moreover, the statement that an inactive facility is subject to Section 7003 does not limit the EPA solely to injunctive relief to remedy an imminent hazard.

You would also limit the Agency's 3008(h) corrective action authority to only those facilities presently authorized to operate a treatment, storage, or disposal facility. The Agency and the federal courts have a more generous view of EPA's Section 3008(h) authority. The Agency has routinely exercised corrective action authority over facilities that did not obtain interim status, lost interim status, and facilities whose interim status was terminated following certification of clean closure. The agency interprets the language of Section 3008(h)(1), specifically "release of hazardous waste into the environment from a facility authorized to operate under 6925(e)" to mean that the corrective action provisions are applicable to a facility that should have been authorized, is presently authorized, or was authorized, at any time, to operate under interim status. This approach is consistent with Congressional intent to assure that significant environmental problems are addressed at facilities that have treated, stored, or disposed of hazardous waste. See U.S. v. Indiana Woodtreating, 686 F.Supp. 218 (S.D. IND. 1988) holding that 3008(h) applies to facilities that have never obtained interim status and <u>U.S. v. Clow Water Systems</u>, <u>F.Supp.</u>, slip op. C2-87-720, Lexis 14666 (S.D. Ohio, Eastern Division, December 19, 1988), applying 3008(h) to facility that lost interim status.

Furthermore, Clow holds that 3008(h) encompasses hazardous constituents as well as hazardous waste. The Court found that the EPA's interpretation that "hazardous wastes" as used in 3008(h) also includes hazardous constituents, was reasonable and

Dale E. Stephenson Page Three

consistent with Congressional intent and the Agency's regulations.

Note also that Section 3008(h) applies to releases of hazardous waste from a facility and is not limited to solely releases from hazardous waste management units.

U.S. EPA is encouraged by WCI's willingness to voluntarily conduct elements of the proposed sampling plan. With two exceptions, WCI must adhere to the proposed sampling plan to ensure that the sampling scheme will provide valid, informative data that will permit U.S. EPA to determine whether further remedial work is or is not required.

WCI's proposal to take two soil borings instead of four, from the vicinity of the old lagoon, is acceptable to U.S. EPA. All other terms of the proposed sampling scheme, including the installation of an upgradient monitoring well, must be followed.

WCI may use its own contracted drilling equipment and sampling crews. At a minimum, however, U.S. EPA and MPCA personnel and their authorized representatives must be granted site access to observe all phases of well installation, sampling, and soil borings and to obtain split samples from each point sampled. This permission must also extend to all monitoring/sampling activities subsequent to the initial sampling taken at the time the wells are installed.

U.S. EPA is confident of its authority to proceed with the proposed sampling and monitoring plans. Nonetheless, the Agency is pleased with WCI's offer to participate in the investigation and is willing to permit WCI to conduct the sampling and monitoring program as outlined in this letter. In light of the Agency's position I believe this matter is susceptible to a quick resolution acceptable to all parties.

Sincerely,
Mary L. Fulghum

Mary L. Fulghum

Assistant Régional Counsel

(312) 886-5313

Daniel Marquis cc: Charles B. Slaustas Allen Debus Kevin Veach



Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

520 Lafayette Road, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55155 Telephone (612) 296-6300



April 30, 1990

Mr. Charles Slaustas
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Region V 5HR-13
230 South Dearborn Street
Chicago, Illinois 60605

Dear Mr. Slaustas:

RE: RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA)

for WCI, St. Cloud, EPA I.D. MND092304856

Enclosed is the completed RFA report for WCI Freezer Division in St. Cloud, Minnesota. I have not sent copies of the text of the following sections because they should already be in your files:

III. Visual Site Inspection Report, by AT Kearney;

VI.A. Soil Analysis Report, by Region V Central Regional Laboratory;

VI.B. Groundwater Analysis Report, by Region V Central Regional Laboratory;

Appendix 3. Groundwater Sampling Visit Report, by Metcalf and Eddy, September 1989.

Also, I have corrected an error on page 2 of the Metcalf and Eddy, September 1989, ground water sampling report. Please insert the enclosed page into your copy of the report.

The conclusion of the RFA is that no further investigation is justified based on the soil and ground water analyses.

If you have any questions or comments, please call Bruce Brott at 612/642-0449. As a final goodbye let me say I have enjoyed working with you and your staff and I wish you all the best.

Sincerely,

Kevin C. Veach

Permit and Review Unit

Regulatory Compliance Section

Hazardous Waste Division

Kevin C Veal

KCV:df

Enclosure

Sarah Seviik 642-0432

FACILITY ASSESSMENT

for WCI FREEZER DIVISION

ST. CLOUD, MINNESOTA

EPA. ID #MND092304856

by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

April, 1990

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 - A. Soil
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- Appendix 2. Soil Sampling Field Notes and Chain of Custody
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I. INTRODUCTION

This report presents a RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) for the WCI Freezer Division facility at 701 33rd Avenue North, St. Cloud, Minnesota U.S. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) identification number MND092304856. Under the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984 (HSWA), corrective action is required where necessary at all hazardous waste facilities. As part of the corrective action process, the WCI facility was investigated by the U.S. EPA and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) to determine whether releases of hazardous constituents to the environment had occurred. Part of this work was undertaken by the MPCA and part by contractors for the U.S. EPA. This report covers all phases of the RFA process which include: 1) a Preliminary Review (PR) of all existing records pertaining to the site, 2) a Visual Site Inspection (VSI) conducted to identify all sources of potential releases and 3) a Sampling Visit (SV) to obtain any samples necessary to determine if there are any releases which require further investigation.

II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

White Consolidated Industries, Freezer Division, (WCI), formerly Franklin Manufacturing Company, is a freezer manufacturer located in the northwest part of St. Cloud, Minnesota. Franklin submitted a Part A notification in 1980 as a hazardous waste storage facility. A Part B application was requested by the MPCA in February, 1985. In May, 1985 the Company requested closure of the facility and return to generator status. On July 28, 1988, after closure activities were completed, the MPCA approved a return to generator status for WCI Freezer Division. Prior to this, in 1986 a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Assessment (RFA) was begun.

A PR was conducted by MPCA staff and also by Pope-Reid Associates under sub-contract to A.T. Kearney, Inc. for the U.S. EPA. A Visual Site Inspection (VSI) was conducted on November 13, 1986, by Pope-Reid with MPCA staff present. This process identified sixteen (16) Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs). Two of these SWMUs were the regulated storage units. The PR/VSI report produced by Pope-Reid Associates was submitted to the MPCA in late 1987. Two SWMUs were recommended for sampling to determine whether hazardous constituents were released to the environment: 1) a wastewater lagoon which received phosphatizer and paint system wastewaters from 1965 to 1979 and 2) an outdoor empty container storage area. The PR/VSI report also recommended assessing the integrity of the sewer system. This was not done.

In 1988 the MPCA staff produced a sampling plan and along with EPA staff negotiated with WCI over site access and the extent of sampling. In June, 1989 soil samples were collected from a background location, the outdoor container storage area and from the lagoon area. One monitoring well was installed upgradient of the lagoon and two wells were installed downgradient of the lagoon. In August, 1989 the wells were sampled by the Company and the EPA contractor. The results of the analyses done for the regulatory agencies are included in the body of the report in Section VI. The analysis done for WCI is included as Appendix 4.

Results of both the soil sampling and the ground water sampling indicate no contamination which would justify continuing the investigation at this time. Some volatile hazardous constituents were detected in both the soil and the ground water samples. These compounds were also detected in the laboratory blanks and may be attributed to laboratory contamination. Toxic metals, where detected, were of such low levels as to be indistinguishable from background levels.

III. VISUAL SITE INSPECTION REPORT

IV. SAMPLING PLAN

A. Introduction

A sampling plan was originally written by the MPCA for sampling of soil and ground water. This sampling plan is included as Appendix 1 to this report. WCI objected to having EPA contractors conduct borings and well installation on its property and offered to use its own contractor to undertake the sampling and to allow the regulatory agencies to be present to split samples. The MPCA and EPA agreed to this and required WCI to submit a sampling plan which would accomplish the objectives of the original MPCA sampling plan. The sampling plan produced by Pace Laboratories, Inc. for WCI was approved by the MPCA with concurrence from EPA subject to the addendum provided in the May 17, 1989, letter from Pace Laboratories and on the condition that MPCA would collect five volatile organics samples from each boring rather than two as proposed by WCI. The May 17, letter from Pace Laboratories follows the sampling plan. MPCA staff or EPA contractors were present to split all samples.

IV. B. Pace Laboratories, Inc. Sampling Plan

May 3, 1989

Mr. Kevin Veach Permit and Review Unit Hazardous Waste Section Minnesota Pollution Control Agency 520 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155 RECEIVED

MAY 4 1989

MPCA, HAZARDOUS WASTE DIVISION

Mr. Allen A. Debus
U.S. Environmental Protection
Agency -- Region V
230 South Dearborn Street
Chicago, IL 60604

Gentlemen:

I am submitting WCI's Proposed Sampling Work Plan which was prepared by our consultants Pace Laboratories, Inc. I understand that Dan Comeau from Pace has communicated directly with Kevin Veach in preparing this plan. We look forward to your prompt concurrence in this proposal so that we can proceed with the work on schedule.

Please contact Dan Comeau if you have any technical questions. Otherwise, please feel free to contact either me or Dale Stephenson if you would like to discuss this further.

Sincerely,

Richard B. Clute

Environmental Affairs Coordinator

RBC/ski Enclosure

cc: Mary L. Fulghum, Esq. (w/encl.)
 James L. Calhoun (w/encl.)
 Raymond G. Dauscher, Esq. (w/encl.)
 Dale E. Stephenson, Esq. (wo/encl.)
 Daniel A. Comeau (wo/encl.)



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa

1710 Douglas Drive North 🗆 Minneapolis, MN 55422 🗆 Phone (612) 544-5543 🗅 FAX (612) 544-3974

Proposed Sampling Work Plan WCI Freezer Division St. Cloud, Minnesota

Prepared For:

WCI Freezer Division St. Cloud, Minnesota

Prepared By:

PACE Laboratories, Inc. Minneapolis, Minnesota

Proposed Sampling Work Plan WCI Freezer Division St. Cloud, Minnesota

all 5 increments analyzed Empty Cordanur and Lagoon

I. Empty Container Storage Area

Two soil borings will be drilled to a depth of 20 feet equidistant from the ends of the empty container storage area. Soil samples will be collected at 2 1/2 foot intervals using a split-spoon sampler. Samples will be screened utilizing a HNU Meter to detect organic contamination. Two samples from each borehole with the highest readings will be submitted to the laboratory for volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis (EPA SW 846 Method 8240). A discussion of the instrumentation and field screening procedure is provided in Section III below. Soil from samples having lower organic screening concentrations than the two highest readings will, upon request, be properly preserved and made available to the MPCA and/or the U.S. EPA for additional VOC analyses. Approximate sample locations are shown on Figure 1 (attached).

II. Closed Holding Pond

Near the closed holding pond, two soil borings will be drilled to a depth of 20 feet. Starting at the former base of the pond, soil samples will be collected at 2 1/2 foot intervals using a split-spoon sampler. Samples will be screened utilizing a HNU Meter to detect organic contamination. Two samples from each bore hole with the highest readings will be submitted to the laboratory for volatile organic compound analysis (EPA SW 846 /Method 8240). In addition, all samples below the depth of the pond from each boring will be analyzed for RAS total metals. Soil from samples having lower organic screening concentrations than the two highest readings will, upon request, be properly preserved and made available to the MPCA and/or the U.S. EPA for additional VOC analyses. Approximate sample locations are shown on Figure 1.

One background soil boring will be drilled to a depth of 20 feet. The background soil boring location will be selected based on site conditions. Soil samples will be collected with a split-spoon sampler at 2 1/2 foot intervals. The boring at this location will be drilled in a manner so as to also allow construction of an upgradient monitoring well (discussed below). Five soil samples, including those corresponding to the same depths as at the closed holding pond, will be analyzed for RAS total metals. Soil from samples having lower organic screening concentrations than the two highest readings will, upon request, be properly preserved and made available to the MPCA and/or the U.S. EPA for additional VOC analyses. The approximate sample location is shown on Figure 1.

Downgradient of the closed holding pond, two monitoring wells will be installed. Upgradient of the closed holding pond, one monitoring well will be installed in conjunction with the background soil boring.

The monitoring wells will be installed in accordance with Minnesota Department of Health regulations. The wells will be installed to intersect the water table. The monitoring wells will be constructed with 2 inch stainless steel screens and risers. The screens will be 10 feet long with #10 slot size. A 4 inch diameter protective casing with a locking cap will be installed. Three protective posts will also be installed around each monitoring well.

Following well installation and development, ground water samples from each monitoring well will be collected utilizing a dedicated stainless steel bailer. Field blanks for volatile organic compounds will be collected at each location and a travel blank will be provided. Collected samples will be analyzed for volatile organic compounds and RAS dissolved metals.

III. HNU Screening

Soil samples collected for volatile organic compound screening will be placed in 500 ml glass amber containers, sealed with plastic wrap and covered with a Teflon lined cap. Each bottle will be half filled with sample. The soil container will be allowed to equilibrate in a warm location for 30 minutes. The sample will then be screened for the presence of volatile organic compounds using a HNU Model ISPI-101 trace gas analyzer supplied with a 10.2 eV lamp.

Selected portions of the HNU instruction manual are attached which describe the instrument, it's calibration and the relative photoionization sensitivities of various gases to the 10.2 eV lamp.

IV. Anticipated Project Schedule

The following project schedule is proposed:

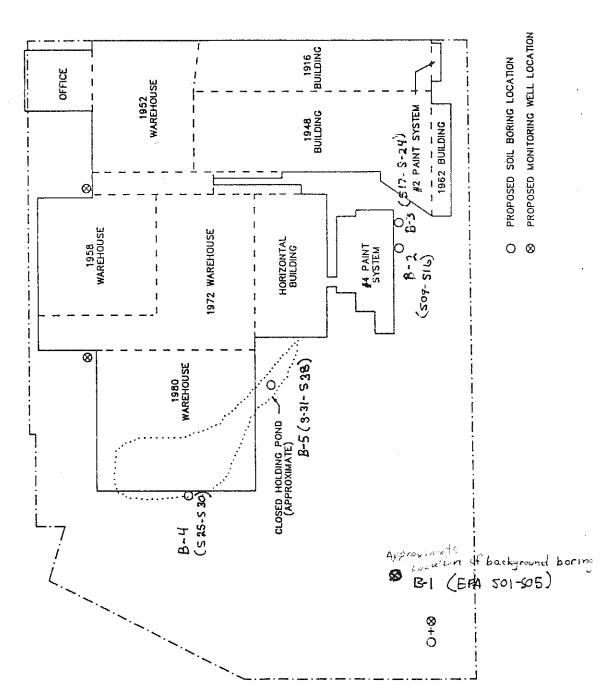
<u>Task</u>	<u>Schedule</u>
Submit work plan to regulatory agencies of for review and comment	Week of April 24, 1989
Receive regulatory approvals	Week of May 15, 1989
Commence field work	Week of June 5, 1989
Complete field work	Week of June 19, 1989
Provide final report	Week of July 3, 1989

FIGURE 1 WCI FREEZER DIVISION SOIL BORING AND WELL LOCATIONS

4

PACE Laboratories, Inc.

April 21, 1989



INSTRUCTION MANUAL TRACE GAS ANALYZER HNU MODEL ISPI-101

HNU Systems, Inc. 160 Charlemont Street Newton, MA 02161-9987 (617)964-6690

January 1987

GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 · INTRODUCTION

This manual describes the operation, maintenance and parts list for the Trace Gas Analyzer, Model ISPI 101, HNU Systems Inc.

1.2 EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The Trace Gas Analyzer (see Figure 1-1), is a portable instrument used to detect, measure, and provide a direct reading of the concentration of a variety of trace gases in many industrial or plant atmospheres. The analyzer employs the principle of photoionization. This process involves the absorption of ultra-violet light (a photon) by a gas molecule leading to ionization:

RH + hv --> RH+ + e-

in which

RH = Trace gas

hv = Photon with an energy level equal to or greater than the ionization potential of RH.

The sensor consists of a sealed ultraviolet (UV) light source that emits photons with an energy level high enough to ionize many trace species, particularly organics, but not high enough to ionize the major components of air, O2, N2, CO; CO2 or H2O.

A chamber exposed to the light source contains a pair of electrodes: one a bias electrode and the second a collector electrode. When a positive potential is applied to the bias electrode a field is created in the chamber. Ions formed by the absorption of photons are driven to the collector electrode. The current produced is then measured, and the corresponding concentration is displayed on a meter directly in parts per million (ppm).

To minimize absorption or decomposition of sample gases, a rapid flow of sample gas is maintained through the ion chamber, which is small, made of inert material and located at the sampling point.

The analyzer consists of a probe, a readout assembly, and a battery charger. The probe contains the sensing and amplifying circuitry; the readout assembly contains the meter, controls, power supply and rechargeable battery. The analyzer will operate from the battery for approximately 6 hours.



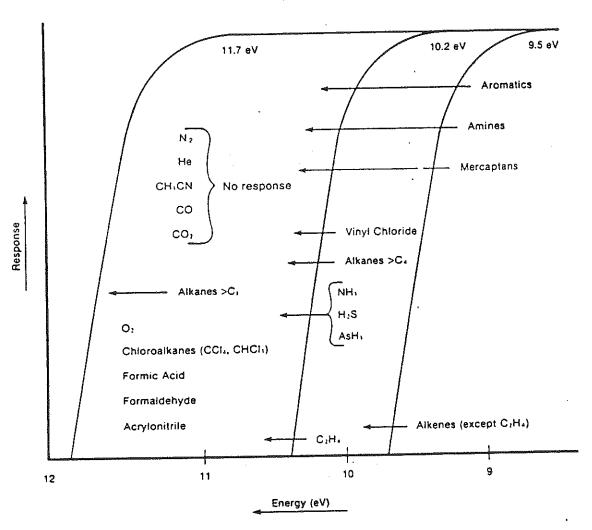


TABLE 1-1

SPECIFICATION DATA

DESIGN FEATURES

Range settings

0 to 20, 200, 2000 ppm (other ranges available on request)

Lamp rating

10.2 eV standard, 9.5 or 11.7 eV optional

CHARACTERISTICS (see NOTE)

Detection Range *

0.1 to 2000 ppm (parts per million by volume)

Minimum Detection Level * 0.1 ppm

Maximum Sensitivity *

0 to 20 ppm FSD at SPAN = 9.8 (full scale deflection) 0 to 2 ppm FSD at SPAN = 0.0

Repeatability *

+/- 1% of FSD

Linear Range *

0.1 to 400 ppm

Useful Range *

0.1 to 2000 ppm

Response Time

Less than 3 seconds to 90% of FSD

Ambient Humidity (10.2 and 9.5 eV lamps) up to 90% RH (relative humidity)

Operating Temperature, Ambient (10.2 and 9.5 eV -10 to 40 degrees C.

lamps)

14 to 104 °F

Operating Time on Battery, continuous use Approximately 6 hours: at lower temperature, use time is reduced due to the effect of cold on the battery.

TABLE 1-1 cont.

Recharge time from full discharge

Full recharge: 12 to 14 hours. Unit can be left on the charger and be continuously recharged whenever the unit is not in use (the analyzer will not operate while the unit is on the charger: an Intrinsically Safe feature).

Recharge current

Max 0.4 amps at 15 V DC

Battery Charger Power

120 V AC, single phase, 50-60 Hz 1.5 Amps 230 V AC, single phase, 50-60 Hz 0.75 Amps

NOTE: * When equipped with 10.2 eV Probe with SPAN set at 9.8 and measuring benzene. Values will vary for other compounds and conditions.

SECTION 3.2, ANALYZED GAS CYLINDER cont.

One method of sampling the calibration gas is illustrated in Figure 3-1. Connect the cylinder to one leg of the tee, a flow meter to the opposite leg, and the probe to the third leg. The flow meter does not require a valve. If there is a valve, it must be left wide open. The flowmeter is only to indicate excess flow. Adjust the flow from the regulator such that only a little excess flow is registered at the flowmeter. This insures that the ISPI 101 sees the calibration gas at atmospheric pressure and ambient temperature. This calibration procedure applies only to calibration with a high pressure cylinder (with regulator).

A second method of calibration uses HNU Calibration Gas with the regulator at a preset flow (250 ml/min), and only a butt connection between the regulator and the probe extension is required (see Figure 3.2).

- d. Usage Generally, a gas cylinder should not be used below 200-300 psi as pressure effects could cause concentration variations. The cylinder should not be used past the recommended age of the contents as indicated by the manufacturer. In case of difficulty, verify the contents and concentration of the gas cylinder.
- e. Safety Isobutylene is nontoxic and safe to use in confined areas. There are no listed exposure levels at any concentration. For more details see Sections 3.5 and 3.2.
- f. Alternate means of calibration are possible. For more information, contact HNU Systems, Inc.

3.3 PROBE

a. Identify the lamp by the probe label. If a question exists, disassemble the probe and inspect the lamp. The energy of the lamp is etched into the glass envelope. If the lamp appears to need cleaning, see Section 5.2, UV Lamp and Ion Chamber Cleaning.

CAUTION

The 11.7 eV lamp has NO special cleaning compound, unlike the 9.5 and the 10.2 eV lamps, which do. Do NOT use that compound with the 11.7 eV lamp; it will damage the crystal window and void the warranty. Do

SECTION 3.3, PROBE cont.

MOT use water or any other water soluble cleaning compound with the 11.7 eV lamp. Do not interchange ion chambers, amplifier boards or lamps between probes. (See Section 5.2 for lamp cleaning instructions).

- b. Connect the probe to the readout assembly.
- c. Set the SPAN pot to the proper value for the probe being calibrated. Refer to the calibration memo accompanying the probe.
- d. Check the Ionization Potential (IP) of the calibration gas to be used. The IP of the calibration gas must be at or below the IP of the lamp.
- e. Proceed with the calibration as described in Section 3.4. Check the calibration memo for specific data. If any questions develop, call an HNU representative.

#1.4 PROCEDURE

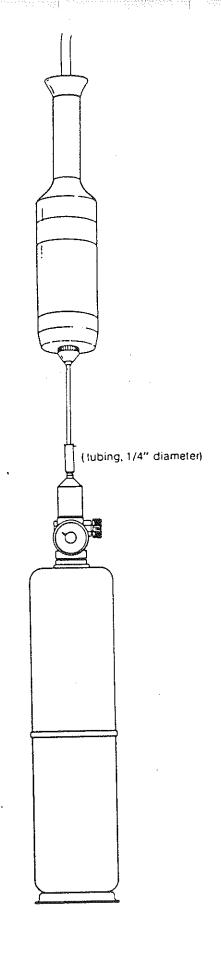
- a. Battery check With the probe attached, turn the function switch to BATT. The needle should be in the green region. If not, recharge the battery.
- b. Zero set With the probe attached, turn the function switch to STANDBY. In this position the lamp is OFF and no signal is generated. Set the zero point with the ZERO set control. The zero can also be set with the function switch on the x1 position and using a "Hydrocarbon-free" air (check the gas manufacturer's specifications; some products contain some nitrogen carbide (NC)). In this case negative readings are possible if the analyzer measures a cleaner sample when in service.
- c. 0-20 or 0-200 range + For calibrating on the 0-20 or 0-200 range only one gas standard is required. Turn the function switch to the range position and note the meter reading. Adjust the SPAN control setting as required to read the ppm concentration of the standard. Recheck the zero setting (step b.). If readjustment is needed, repeat step c. This gives a two-point calibration; zero and the gas standard point. Additional calibration points can be generated by dilution of the standard with zero air if desired (see Section 8).
- d. 0-2000 range For calibrating on the 0-2000 range, use of two standards is recommended as cited in Section 3.2a. First calibrate with the higher standard using the SPAN control for setting. Then calibrate with the lower standard using the ZERO adjustment. Repeat these several times to ensure that a good calibration

is obtained. The analyzer will be approximately linear to better than 600 ppm (see Figure 3-2). If the analyzer is to be used subsequently on the 0-20 or 0-200 range, it must be recalibrated as described in steps b. and c. above.

- e. Lamp cleaning If the span setting resulting from calibration is 0.0 or if calibration cannot be achieved, then the lamp must be cleaned (see Section 5.2).
- f. Lamp replacement If the lamp output is too low or if the lamp has failed, it must be replaced (see Section 5.3).

M.5 CALIBRATION CHECKING

Rapid calibration checking in the field can be accomplished by use of a small disposable cylinder containing isobutylene. Immediately after a calibration has been completed, a reading is taken on a special isobutylene standard. This provides a reference concentration measurement for later checking in the field. This can be done at any time with a portable cylinder containing this same special standard, using this reference reading as a check, and making adjustments to the analyzer if necessary. In effect, this is an indirect method of checking calibration, one maintaining the calibration to give direct readings for the original gas mixture, but using the portable isobutylene cylinder. Details are given in Section 0.2 of the Appendix.



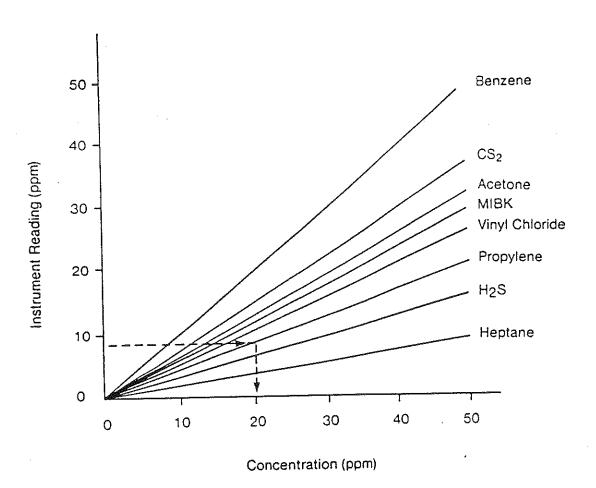


FIGURE 8-2
TYPICAL OUTPUT CURVES –
ANALYZER WITH 10.2 eV LAMP
CALIBRATED FOR BENZENE

TABLE 9-14

RELATIVE PHOTOIONIZATION SENSITIVITIES OF VARIOUS GASES TO A 10.2 eV LAMP

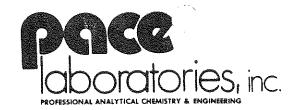
Gas	. Photoioniz Sensitivity (s	ation fo	n Control Setting or Direct reading (approximate)
p-xylene	11.4		
m-xylene	11.2		
benzene	10.0	(reference :	standard) 9.9
toluene	10.0		
diethyl sulfide	10.0		
diethyl amine	9.9		
styrene	9.7		
trichloroethyl	ene 8.9		8.2
carbon disulfi	de 7.1		
isobutylene	T	· 5·5	
acetone	6.3	·	
tetrahydrofura	n 6.0	ı	5.5
methyl ethyl k	etone 5.7	,	
methyl isobuty		,	
cyclohexanone	5.1		
naptha (85% ar	omatics) 5.0)	
vinyl chloride)	4.3
methyl isocyan		5	
iodine	4.5	· 5	
methyl mercapt	an 4.3	3	

and the second second and the second second

dimethyl sulfide	4.3	
allyl alcohol	4.2	
propylene	4.0	ত.5
mineral spirits	4.0	
2, 3-dichloropropene	4.0	
cycloexene	3.4	
crotonaldehyde	3.1	
acrolein	3.1	
methyl methacrylate	3.0	2.4
pyridine	3.0	
hydrogen sulfide	2.8	
ethylene dibromide	2.7	1.9
n-octane	2.5	
acetaldehyde oxime	2.3	
hexane	2.2	
phosphine	2.0	
heptane	1.7	
allyl chloride	1.5	
(3-chloropropene)		
ethylene .	1.0	
isopropanol	1.0	0.1
ethylene oxide	1.0	
acetic anhydride	1.0	
alpha pinene	0.7	
dibromochloropropane	0.7	

epichlorohydrin	0.7
nitric oxide	0.6
beta pinene	0.5
citral	0.5
ammonia	0.3
acetic acid	0.1
nitrogen dioxide	0.02
methane	0.0
acetylene	0.0

NOTE 1: PFM reading when measuring 10.0 ppm of particular gas with monitor calibrated for benzene.



1710 Douglas Drive North □ Minneapolis, MN 55422 □ Phone (612) 544-5543 □ FAX (612) 544-3974

May 17, 1989

Mr. Kevin Veach Permit and Review Unit Hazardous Waste Section Minnesota Pollution Control Agency 520 Lafayette Road St. Paul, MN 55155 RECEIVED

PRO'S I YAM

MPCA, HAZARDOUS WASTE DIVISION

Mr. Allen Debus U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region V 230 South Dearborn Street Chicago, IL 60604

Re: Proposed Sampling Work Plan; Addendum #1; WCI Freezer Division; St. Cloud, Minnesota

Gentlemen:

I am writing to clarify various items discussed during a telephone conversation with Mr. Veach on May 16, 1989.

The items discussed were as follows:

- You desire confirmation that a three inch split spoon will be used during the soil boring activities. A three inch split spoon will be used.
- 2. You desire field quality assurance information concerning PACE's standard chain of custody procedures, bottle and bailer preparation procedures and our field filtration procedures. A copy of our Groundwater Monitoring Field Quality Assurance Manual is enclosed for your records.
- 3. You desire documentation of our laboratory quality assurance procedures. A copy of PACE's current Quality Assurance Plan is enclosed for your records.
- 4. You desire a description of the steps and timing for well development activities. The wells are scheduled for installation during the first half of the week beginning June 4, 1989. Braun Engineering Testing, Inc. will develop the wells on June 9, 1989 by jetting and pumping as needed to provide nearly sediment-free water. The wells will be allowed to stabilize over the following week and we anticipate sampling the wells on June 19 or 20, 1989.

Mr. Kevin Veach Mr. Allen Debus PACE Project No. 890228.120 May 17, 1989 Page 2

5. You desire clarification that HNU meter screening will be provided on the background soil boring. The samples will be so screened and two samples with the highest readings will be submitted to the laboratory for volatile organic compound (VOC) analyses (EPA SW 846 Method 8240). Soil from samples having lower organic screening concentrations than the two highest readings will, upon request, be properly preserved and made available to the MPCA and/or the U.S. EPA for additional VOC analyses.

Please contact me if you have any questions about the items above.

Sincerely,

Daniel A. Comeau

Environmental Scientist

DAC222/mc

Enclosures

cc: Richard B. Clute, WCI

Dale Stephenson, Esq., Squire,

Sanders & Dempsey

V. SAMPLING VISIT DESCRIPTION

A. Soil Sampling Visit Description

Soil samples were collected from the five locations shown on the site map included in the Pace Laboratories sampling plan in order to determine whether hazardous constituents had been released to the environment from the outdoor storage area or the former wastewater lagoon. Soil sampling for WCI was performed by Pace Laboratories representatives Dan Comeau and Jim Postiglione. Split samples were collected by Kevin Veach, Joe Julik, or Dan Card of the MPCA. The drilling and split spoon equipment was operated by Braun Engineering. Sampling was conducted on June 5,7 and 8, 1989.

All sample bottles and labels used by the MPCA were provided by the U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) as well as all paperwork used, including tags, traffic reports, and chain of custody forms. The following samples were sent for analysis by the MPCA staff: 1) five background samples for volatiles and five background samples for Routine Analytical Services metals; 2) five volatiles samples and five RAS metals samples from each of the two borings into the former lagoon area; 3) five volatiles samples from each of the two borings in the outdoor empty container storage area. Sample duplicates and spike samples were collected as required by the CLP. Sample preservation, labeling and shipping was done according to CLP protocol. Samples for organic analysis were sent to Gulf South Environmental Laboratory in New Orleans, Louisiana and samples for inorganic analysis were sent to Keystone Environmental Resources in Monroeville, Pennsylvania. Copies of the field notes, sample tracking forms and the chain of custody forms are included as Appendix 2 to this report.

V. B. Ground Water Sampling Visit Description

This section contains the summary text of the report by Metcalf and Eddy, Inc. on their ground water sampling activities of August 23, 1989. The complete report is included as Appendix 3 to this RFA report.

SECTION 2

SITE CONDITIONS

The WCI Freezer Facility, a division of Franklin Manufacturing Company, is located in St. Cloud, Minnesota. The facility manufactures freezers.

In 1980, a RCRA Part A notification as a hazardous waste facility was submitted and retracted the same year by the owner/operator. The MPCA determined the facility was a hazardous waste storage facility and granted interim status. Currently, there exist active and inactive units on site.

The empty drum storage area is a solid waste management unit (SWMU) where empty drums were stored over an unpaved soil area. Overturned 55-gallon drums and leaking, rusted containers may have released hazardous constituents. The former wastewater lagoon was operated from 1965-1979. This lagoon accepted waste bonderite, a "soapy" degreasing material, and chromium-containing washwater from paint spray booths. The lagoon was closed in 1979.

Two monitoring wells were installed downgradient of the wastewater lagoon. The third well (upgradient) was constructed in an open field on the SW corner of the site. The wells were installed to determine whether hazardous constituents have been released to the groundwater.

During the sampling visit, temperatures were in the mid-tohigh 80's, with clear skies and light to moderate east winds.

SECTION 3

SUMMARY OF SAMPLING VISIT

3.1 Summary of Samples Collected

Sampling activities at the WCI site commenced at 0930 on August 23, 1989. A total of 5 groundwater samples were collected, consistent with the amount specified in the EPA sampling plan. None of the groundwater samples collected exhibited unusual odor or discoloration, however, they were quite silty, especially S01 and S03. Analysis requested for all samples was volatile organic analysis and total metals.

All sample bottles and labels were provided by the U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) as well as all paperwork used, incuding tags, traffic reports, and chain of custody forms. Latex disposable gloves were used and deemed to be non-hazardous and were disposed of off-site in plastic garbage bags, along with some nalgene filters and other paper products.

Prior to sample collection, water levels were measured and the volume of water in each well was calculated. Three times this volume was removed from each well and placed in 55-gallon drums. Three water samples, S01, S02, and S03, came from monitoring wells one, two, and three, respectively. Sample S04 was a duplicate of S03 and sample S05 was a field blank. For a more detailed explanation of actual sampling locations, see Figure 1.

Sampling was conducted with dedicated bailers by Terry Borgering from Pace Laboratories. He then split the samples with M&E representative Ken Krueger.

Metal samples for S01 and S02 were filtered by Mr. Borgering with a master flex pump. Mr. Borgering filter did not operate properly after he filtered his sample from S03. Consequently Ken Krueger used M&E's Nalgene filter for samples S03 and S04.

3.2 <u>Conclusions</u>

The sampling visit was completed at 1330 hours. The samples were carefully packed in a total of two coolers. All appropriate CLP documentation was enclosed, and custody seals placed on the outside. The coolers were shipped via Federal Express on August 23, 1989 at approximately 1700 hours. The SMO was notified the next day. The organics (one cooler) were shipped

to Gulf South in New Orleans, LA (Attn: Cindy Palazzo) and the inorganics (one cooler) to Skinner and Sherman, Inc. in Waltham, MA (Attn: Marilyn Fonseca).

VI. A. SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS

VI. B. GROUND WATER SAMPLING RESULTS

VII. CONCLUSIONS

A. Soil

Among the volatile organic compounds methylene chloride, acetone, and 2-butenone were found at low levels (usually below the quantification limits) in most of the soil samples. Since these compounds were also found at the same levels in the background samples and the levels were consistent from sample to sample it is reasonable to assume that the detections were due to laboratory contamination. The highest level quantified was 37 ug/kg of 2-butenone in sample EEB 51. This level in not environmentally significant. Therefore, no further investigation is necessary at this time for soil volatiles.

Analysis for Routine Analytical Services inorganics showed that concentrations of Extraction Procedure (EP) toxic metals in the soil samples were not above site background levels or above naturally occurring levels. No further investigation is necessary at this time for these compounds.

B. Ground Water

Methylene chloride was quantified in the upgradient well at 6 ug/l and was detected in the method blanks. The conclusion of the EPA regional laboratory is that this is attributable to laboratory contamination. No other volatile compounds were detected in the ground water samples.

Arsenic was quantified at 11.8 ug/l in well 2 and found below the detection limit of 8.3 ug/l in well 3. These levels are well below the drinking water standard of 50 ug/l. Arsenic has not been associated with any of the hazardous waste activities at the site. No other EP toxic metal was detected in any of the wells. It is concluded that no further investigation is necessary at this time for volatiles or inorganics in the ground water.

Appendix 1
MPCA Sampling Plan

SAMPLING - OBJECTIVE:

In October 1986 a Visual Site Inspection (VSI) was conducted at the WCI facility in St. Cloud as part of the RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) of the site. The RFA report concluded that two solid waste management units merited further investigation to determine whether releases of hazardous constituents had contaminated soil or groundwater. These two areas are the empty container storage area south of the paint building and the former wastewater lagoon on the west side of the WCI property. Soil samples will be taken at both of these units and monitoring wells will be installed and groundwater samples taken near the former lagoon. One boring will be place on an uncontaminated part of the site and used to determine background levels of toxic metals.

EMPTY CONTAINER STORAGE AREA:

Site Description: The empty drum storage area extends for about 70 feet outside and along the south wall of the paint system building. Empty 55-gallon drums are stored here prior to shipment back to the chemical supplier. The drums have been stored on their sides on the open ground with no container system. If there have been releases of drum residues the potential exists for soil and groundwater contamination.

Sampling locations: Two soil borings will be made equidistant from the ends of the storage area. The exact boring locations will be determined in the field.

Sampling Methods: Soil sampling will be done in accordance with ASTM: D 1586-84, using a 3 inch I.D. split spoon sampler driven into the soil with a 140 lb. weight falling 30 inches. Borings will be drilled to a depth of 20 feet. The soil shall be classified according to ASTM: D2488. Soil boring logs shall be completed which indicate the depth and classification of the soil strata, the N value of the soil, water level in the bore hole, the results of the head space analysis, and other relevent information regarding the boring or classification process. Samples shall be collected at 2 1/2 foot intervals with one portion placed in a container for laboratory possible analysis and a another portion placed in a container for field evaluation by the headspace method.

Analysis Parameters: A field evaluation of soils will be done for volatile organics using the head space analysis. Samples of soils will be collected every 2 1/2 feet and approximately 100 grams of soil will be sealed in 12 ounce jars, sealed with Saran wrap or teflon, allowing adequate air space for collection of volatiles. The soil will be broken up and the sample placed in a warm location for several minutes. A field air-monitoring instrument such as an HNU or an OVA shall be used to detect the presence of volatile organics in each sample. Based on the results of the head space analysis, 5 samples from each boring shall be selected for laboratory analysis. The samples will undergo extraction and laboratory analysis for volatile organics in each somple. Based on the results of the head space analysis, 5 samples from each boring shall be selected for laboratory analysis. The samples will undergo extraction and laboratory analysis for volatile organic compounds (VOCs) according to EPA SW 846 methods.

Former Wastewater Lagoon:

Site Description: The unlined lagoon was on the west side of the WCI property and operated friom 1965 to 1979. This lagoon received wastewaters from the #4 paint line and discharge from the Bonderite system. Until 1980 WCI used a lead/chromium based paint and the wastewaters would have contained these contaminants. Various solvents associated with the Bonderite and painting systems would have also been released to the wastewater lagoon. The lagoon bottoms showed contamination with chromium up to 18000 ppm and although some soil was removed it is not known what level of chromium or lead remained in the soil. Because the lagoon was unlined it is likely that the near surface groundwater was contaminated. A warehouse was built over the lagoon site in 1979.

Soil Borings: Four soil borings shall be made around the location of the former lagoon. Two of these borings shall be located on the south side and two shall be located on the west side of the new warehouse addition. The sample shall be collected and analyzed according to the procedures described for the borings in the empty container area with the following exception: each of three of the borings shall also have five (5) samples analyzed for Routine Analytical Services (RAS) total metals. The five samples to be analyzed in each boring shall be selected (based on visual evaluation) from depths below the bottom of the former lagoon.

Monitoring Wells, Purposes and Location: Three groundwater monitoring wells shall be installed around the former lagoon. The purpose for the monitoring wells will be twofold. The wells are to function as detection monitoring wells, primarily to detect the presence of toxic metals, xylene, toluene and methyl ethyl ketone which are the main contaminants which may possibly exist at this site. As two of these suspected contaminants are less dense than water and since the wells will also serve to confirm the direction of the horizontal component of ground water flow, the wells will be installed to intersect the water table.

The attached map has the location of the proposed monitoring wells and also the four (4) borings which are to be installed as part of this investigation, see figure 1.

Groundwater Analysis Parameters: The groundwater samples shall be analyzed for VOCs and RAS total metals according to the procedures in EPA SW 846.

Groundwater Collection Procedures: The samples will be collected by MPCA personnel two weeks after well installation and development. Water table levels will be measured in each well prior to well sampling. Three well volumes of water will be purged from each well and the parameters of temperature, pH, and conductivity will be allowed to stabilize prior to sampling. Well purging and sample collection will be done with a stainless steel or Teflon bailer which is dedicated to that particular well. The bailers and sample containers will be provided and cleaned according to standard procedures by the Minnesota Department of Health and will meet the requirements of the Region V approved QAPP.

Monitoring Well Construction

The three monitoring wells are to be installed with hollow stem augers, with a minimum inside diameter (I.D.), at least 4.25 preferably 6 1/4 inches. The wells will be constructed with 2.0 inch nominal diameter (N.D.) Type 304 stainless steel screens and riser pipes. The screens will have a number 10 slot and an appropriately sized filter pack extending two feet above the screen. The well screens will be ten feet long. The uppermost 2 feet will be above the water table.

6 inches of very fine "flour sand" shall be placed above the filter pack. Above this two (2) feet of 100% bentonite pellets shall be placed, wetted, and alowed to hydrate 30 minutes before continuing the installation. (6) inches of very fine sand shall be placed above the bentonite seal and the remainder of the annulus shall be filled with a cement bentonite grout to within three (3) feet of the surface. From three (3) feet below grade to approximately six (6) inches above grade a concrete anchor shall be installed. Set into this concrete anchor shall be a four (4) inch diameter protective casing fitted with a locking cap. The top of the protective casing shall extend approximately one (1) inch above the vented cap of the monitoring well riser pipe. All monitoring well installations must be done in accordance with the Minnesota Dept. of Health's Water Well Construction Code (MN Rule 4735). This may involve the installation of protective posts around the monitoring wells. See figure 2 for a schematic of the well design criteria.

Background Soil Boring

One soil boring shall be taken to a 20 foot depth and sampled as described in the empty container section above. This boring shall be placed in a part of the facility which is presumably uncontaminated by releases of hazardous constituents and will indicate background levels of metals in the soils at the WCI facility. The final location will be selected in the field. Five samples shall be taken at depths which correspond to the depths sampled in the soil borings around the former lagoon and analysed for RAS total metals.

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Decontamination of Equipment:

A protocol for decontamination procedures is to be established by the contractor and referenced or added as an attachment.

Recordkeeping:

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Soil Sampling:

A drilling rig will be used to place soil borings and wells. The contractor will bring equipment to penetrate rock and asphalt pavement, in case it is necessary to collect samples from beneath paved areas. Provisions for taking angled borings shall also be made. Between borings, augers are to be decontaminated by procedures suggested in the Region V QAPP. All prospective sampling locations are to be first inspected, to ascertain that natural soil will be sampled. Samples are to be placed in appropriate containers, as mentioned previously and below, as soon as possible after their extraction, and the caps must be securely fastened. Lids are to be taped carefully, and permanent ink is to be used for labels, dates, and the collectors initials. Labeling is to be done at the time fo sample collection. Samples are to be packed and stored according to the approved Region V QAPP.

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Appendix 2

Soil Sampling Field Notes and Chain of Custody

Please Color Color Color Color WCI Freezer Division RFA Sampling 6/5/89 Field Notes Soil Sampling Soil Sampling MPCA representatives Kevin Veach Joe Julik WCI rep.: Dick Clute Pace reps: Dan Comeau Jim Postiglione Braun reps: Weather: light clouds winds: westerly 8-15 mpl temp. 24°C Boring B-1 background location location: 109ft west of chain linkferre 1/7 north of What of street light base

time 10:22

SOI \$ 3-3 black organic to brown sandy SM;

SO2 \$ -52 brown sandy 11the sample due to

Cobble 1039

\$50362-8 brown sand to moist claim

coarse sand in last 24

time 1048

\$5049-102 mixed sand and cobbles

saturated 1100

505.11/2130 Will-graded saturated sand and gravel. 1124. decided to omit

HNU on 12-3 24 ppm Pace instrument 506 4 14-152 1137 brown well graded sand, saturated

Decision made to allow natural sand pack

507

162-18 1147 brown graded, saturated with gravel

\$ 19-2021202 brown, well graded saturated sand

HNU 4-5½ 10.2 6½-8 17.6 110-15½ 10.2 110-15½ 10.2 110-20 160

Chose location for B-5 170' west south east of edge new warehouse and 8' out to roughly correspond to pressure Brain boring ST23

Location of Do was 120' south of the N.W corner of the new warehouse 1/2 way between ST13 and ST14

Verified location of one well next to N.E corner of new warehouse

Verified location of the other doungradient well and got the drilling crew set in the tarea otos;

4 background borning location

= 9 well drilling for upgradient well

10 completed background well

11 open cooler filled a samples
12 closed front of sealed cooler

13 closed rear seal of cooler

Sampling Visit 6-7-89 MPCA: Keum Veach Dan Card Face: Eric Forgaard Braun: Mark Threlman Bill Donahue

Time 943 Weather Partly cloudy, 28°C wind 5-15mph from west

Photo 14 B-2 location 15 B-2 close up

container storage area (Pace Labs location B-4) 7 509 959 0-12. brown 5/Hy sand 4510 1011 12-3 mixed sandy fillo/sitt 511 1026 4-5½ sandy fill to soundy till in last 311 \$ 5-12 1045 62-8 is own sandy till to light brown sand w grave the list 6 1050 temp 30°C HNU 1:5-3 reading 0 4-55 reading 0 * 5=13 1056 9-102 brown SIHY-somdying +111 0/ cobbles 5/4 1175 Split spoon got stock only advanced 4" I VOA container collected from this increment, readinged with marrower sptt spoon 1/2-13 nat enough collected so auger was advanced to 13 ft * 5-15 13-142 1148 grey till with cobbles very hard dense

entitle tillet t 5-16 152-17 1210 grey +111, hard (7)
Very 1, the sample collected Boring location B-3 (B-5 for Pace) East & of the empty container storage area X.5-17 12-3- 4" 2' sand Wgravel 2-3 down, 5-18 1345 swell sorted sand to SW-SM sandy silt in that 8" 4-52 5-19 1357 65"-8 well sorted sand w gravel 15-20 1405 9-105 5-21/45 1/2-13 wellsorted brn. sand to hard sitty sand inlast 1ft \$ 5-22 14/30 14-152 hard grey sitty sand 5-23 1445 162-18 11 11 11 11 11 no metals sampled; Very little sample avail 5-24 1458 19-20½ hard grey sity sand nometate sampled with green prognent

- Quest? How much asphalt was bored throught
How the was the sto of the asphalt
Compared to the normal grad. 3 fc?

4" bituminess

1' decrease inclevation to sto. at ramp

6/8 Time 9:49 Temp 54°F overcast light drizzle wind from North 0-5mph sampling location B-4 west side of Whouse

525 1000 9-102'

HNU backround ~ 32 due to drillinging
rezerod the HNU

'Mixed sandt sittfill with black
crumbly tarlike substance

5-26 1010 115-13 mixed fill with coubles t stones

527 10:25 14-152 trace
W/ org matter saturated
transition from fill to lagoor
bottom

A 5-28 1045 162-18 & well sorted sand w/ cobbles organic smell grades to fine sand w/sitt

\$5-29 1/00 19-202 & well sorted sand w/ cobbles faint org. smell transition to till in last 4"

51/ty fine sand

Photo 18 looking east at boring 4 Photo 19 looking north east at "" and corner of warehouse 12 months of the control of the property of Location B5 Bouth of Warehouse in front of Dock 11 S-31 1330 well sorted sandt cobbles 6k-5 5-32 1340 Br Fr- Go S. 4 Colles A S-33 1350 112-13 bon fine 5 and fransition to well sorted sand lagoon bottom in last 11 grex w/ organic ador \$5-34 1405 14-152 well sorted grey sand w/ gravel # cobbles U. little sample. = motals sampled \$5-35 1415 162-18 wellsorted sand w/gravel to fine sAnd w trace silt arganicodor \$5-36 1430 19-202 gray fine sand trace natural organic odor 5-37 21½-23 1446 well sorted

greymed. Sand, with gravel, saturated

\$\frac{25-38}{24-25\frac{24}{25}}\$ 1455 well sorted

grey Coarse sand, saturated

HNU readings

\$\frac{4}{9-10.5} = 0
19-20\frac{2}{2} = 0

B-5 16:5-18 4451 19-20.5 1.5 24-25.5 2.5

Sheet 1 of 2

Jite Name_ Date	WCI	Freezer	Division	
Project Ma	nager	Keuin	Veach	_
Technical	Assistan		WIL	
Samble Coo	rdinator			

SAS Laboratory:
Organic Contract Laboratory: Gur South
Inorganic Contract Laboratory: Koystone Env. Rosa
Shipping Date: $6-5-87$
Custody Seals: 9652/2 96527

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle - Number
501	B-11/3	soil	10:25	6/5	Metals	MEZOO	394101	035490	
sol	了-1分	Soil	16:25	6/5	VOA	EEG37	89 1/01	03549/	· .
201	B-1 1美-3	501	1028	6/5	VOA	EE <i>B 3</i> 7	Ŋ	0 35492	
Soz	B-14-51	soil	1639	6/5	metals	MEE ZOI	<i>(</i> 1	035493	
502	B-1 4-51	()	1039	6/5	VOA	EEB 38	1)	035494	
502	B-1 第一张	()	1039	6/5	VOA	EEB38	t,	035495	
Soz	B-165-8	1/	1048	6/5	metals	MEEZ 02	11	035496	
SOZ	お-1658	11	1048	6/5	AOV	EEB 37	\ , .	035497	
SoZ	なり61-8	((1048	6/5	VOA	EEB 39	1,	35498	
204	13-1 9-102	η.	1100	6/5	metals	MEEZ03		035999	
504	B-1 9-105	11	1000	6/5	VOA	EE3 40	1.	035500	
504	BI 9-102		1100	6/5	VOA	EEB 40	-1	०उ ट्य	
1									

SAS Laboratory:
Organic Contract Laboratory:
Inorganic Contract Laboratory:
Shipping Date:
Custody Seals:

Sheet 2 of 2

Site Name Date	
Project Manager	
Technical Assistant	
Cample Coondinator	

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
505	B1,11=13	201	1124	6/5	melals	MEEZ04		335502	
505	BI, 114-13	Seil	1124	6/5	VOA	EEB 41		035503	-
505	B1/15-13	· 1 ₁	ŧı	6/5	NOA	EEB 41		03550\$	
506	BV 14-152	- 11	1137	6/5	metals	MEEZO5		035505	
5.6	B1/14/55	>,	£ 1	()	VOA	EEB42		035506	
	B1/14-152	1	1)	(/	VOA	EEB42		035507	
	B1/16=18	1	1147	1.3	metals	MEE 206		035508	
507	B1/ 161-18	1 ₁	1147	t v	VOA	EEB 43		035509	
507	B1/16=18	14	1147	l, '	VOA	EEB 43		0355/0	·
508	B1/ 19-20	soil.	1202	tı .	metals	MEEZ 07	-	035511	
508	B/19-20	2)	1202	(₁	VOA	EEB 44		0355/2	
208	19-20		1202	t _i	VOA	EEB 44		032213	
·									
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			11.
Sheet	- 1	of	7

Site Name	WCI	- Fre	ezer	
Date	6/7/	89		
Project Manage	r	Kevin	bach.	
Technical Assi	stant	Lan	Card	
Sample Coordin	ator			

SAS Laboratory:
Organic Contract Laboratory: Sult South Envi
Inorganic Contract Laboratory: Factore Env. Re
Shipping Date: $6/9/89$
Custody Seals:

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
x 509	B20-12	soil	9:59	6/7	metals	MEZ08	89YV01	035514	F8236104
509	BZ-0-12	Ü	959	617	VOA	EEB 45		035515	D8159184
509	BZ 0-12	(_h	759	6/7	VOA	EEB 45		035516	08159184
S/0	8215-3	201	1011	6/7	metals	MEZO9		035519	
<10	BZ 12-3	Ч	1011		VOA	EB 46		03518	
510	152 (2-3	l s	1011		VOA	EEB 44		035517	-
·511	BZ 4-53	Soil	1326		metals	MEEZ 10	9.7	035522	
S\$1	B2 4-5=	1	1026		VOA	EEB 47		035521	
511	BZ4-52	(11	1026		VOA	EEB 47		035520	
SIZ	B263/8	50 1 (1045		metals	MEEZ 11	-	935523	
SIZ	BZ 62/8	1)	1045		VOA	EEB48		035524	
9 1Z	BZ-6/8/	/)	1045		VOA	EEB 48		035525	
	-								

Sheet	2	of	2

	SAS Laboratory:
Site Name WCI Freezer	Organic Contract Laboratory
Date 6/7/89	Inorganic Contract Laborato
Project Manager Kevin Veach	Shipping Date: 6/9/89
Technical Assistant Jan Card	Custody Seals:
Sample Coordinator	***************************************

SAS Laboratory:	. 1
Organic Contract Laboratory: Gulf Sout	KENVIL
Inorganic Contract Laboratory: Keystone	ELV.Ros
Shipping Date: $6/9/89$	
Custody Seals:	

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	iraffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
513	BZ 7-102	501	1056	6/7/89	metals	MEZ 12	87 YVO1	035526	
513	BZ 9-102		1056	6/7/89	VOA	EEB 47		035527	
5 13	BZ 9-102		1056	6/7/89	VOA	距549		032258	
514	BZ-11=13		1115	6/7/89	metals	MEEZ 13		035529	
514	8211/13		1115	6/7/89	VOA	EB 50		035530	
514	112-13		1115	6/7/89	VOA	EEB 50		035531	
515	BZ13-14		1148	6/7/81	metals	MEZ 14		035532	
515	13-12-13-14	E	1148	6/7/89	VOA	EES 51		035533	
515	B2-13-14	2	1148	6/7/89	VOA	EEB 5/		035534	
SIL	B-2-151-1	7	1210	6/7/89	metals			035535	
-5.16	B-2-152-1	7	1210	6/7/89	V94	ASSE MESSE	?	035536	
516	B2-15=	7	1210	6/7/89	VOA	EEB5	7	035537	

Site Name WCI Freezer	
Date 6/7/89	
Project Manager Kevin Veach	
Technical Assistant Dan Card	
Sample Coordinator	

SAS Laboratory:
Organic Contract Laboratory: Gulf South Env. La
Inorganic Contract Laboratory: Koystone Env. R
Shipping Date: 6/9/89
Custody Seals:

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
S17	四世3	501	i334	6/7	metal	Meez 16	894101	03 5538	
S17	'n A		1334	6/7	VON	EEB 53		035539	
517	G A		1334	6/7	VOA	EE1353		035540	
518	B'3 4-S1		1345		metal	Mecz 17		035541	
/ 18) ₁ 3)		1345		VOA	EB54		035542	
518			1345		VOÅ	EB 54		035543	
¥ 519	B-3 65-8		1357		metal	Meez 18		035544	
519	(n))		1357		VOA	EEB 55		035545	
519			1357	,	VOA	EEB SS	:	035546	
¥520	B-3 9-10		1405		metal	meez ig		035547	
X 2.50	<i>J.</i> 1/2		1405		VOA	EEB SC		035548	
520	- - -	\\ \dots.	1405		VOA	EEB 56	V	035549	
-									
					-				

20 50 2256 24 62 21 50 2358

Sheet 4 of 4

	SAS Laboratory:
site Name WCI Freezer	Organic Contract Laboratory:
Date $6/7/89$	Inorganic Contract Laboratory:
Project Manager Koven Veach	Shipping Date: $6/9/89$
Technical Assistant Day Card	Custody Seals:
Sample Coordinator	

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
521	8-3 (1至-1	3 5011	145	6-7	metal	Meez 20	894101	035550	
521	ř ₁ 37		3.1		VCA	EEB57		03555/	
521	ts H		()		VON	EB 57		035552	
X 522	B-3 /4-1	51/2	1430		metal	Meez 21		035553	
X< 2Z	jı sı		(1		VOA	EED 58		035554	
*5'2Z	<i>u</i> "		1/		VoA	EEB 58		035555	
523	13-316	8	1445	ot co	Thected, metal	Musz 2		0355 5 (~
523	77 0		<i>,</i> ,		VЩ	EEB 59		035557	
523	7)		"		VOA	EEB 59		035558	
s 2#	8-319-2	02	1458	t colle	ted notel	M007.23		035559	
524	7 7		D	:	VOA	EEB 60		035560	-
524	n . ()	.	*	y y	VOA	EEB 60		03556/	

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MPCA SAMPLE TRACKING FORM

Sheet 1 of 4

ite Name	WCF	Freezer	
Date	6/8/89	<u> </u>	
Project Mana		Koumbrach	
Technical As	ssistant	Jose Julik	
Sample Coord	iinator		

SAS Laboratory:
Organic Contract Laboratory: Gulf Sooth Env. L.
Inorganic Contract Laboratory: Keyston Env. Re.
Shipping Date:
G/9/89
Custody Seals: 1009 96522 96523

 Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
525	B49-10	¹ 50,	1000	6/3	metal	Meez 24	हिर्भण	03 <i>5</i> 5 6Z_	F8236101
5 25			<i>J</i> ·		VOA	ED 61		" 563	D8159184
525°			<i>)1</i>		AOV	EEB 61		11 544	D8159184
524	B-4 11=1	3	1010		metal	Neez 25		1) 565	
حتر			11		VOA	EB62		566	
526		:	11		VOA	EEB 62)) 567	
527	BY 14-152		1025		metal	mean 26		568	
527					VOA	EEB 63		1 569	
527		:			YOA	EEB 63	and the second second second	570	
528	B-4/165-18		1045		metal	Mesz 27	i a de la companya de	571	
528		:			VOA	FEB 64	Total management of the state o	572	
528		٠			VOA	EEB 64		S73	

Sheet 2 of 4

•	SAS Laboratory:	
site Name	Organic Contract Laboratory:	
Date	Inorganic Contract Laboratory:	
Project Manager	Shipping Date:	
Technical Assistant	Custody Seals:	
Sample Coordinator		

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
529	B-4 19-20	E Soil	1100	6/8	Metals	Mose Z 28	[OVYP8	035574	
529					VOA	EB 65		035575	
5,29					VOÁ	EEB 65		035576	
(53°	B-4 20至-2	2	1110		Metal	Meez 29	The state of the s	035577	
570	13-4				VOA	EEB 66	i ;	035578	
53-	B-4				VOA	EEB-66		035579	
V531	855 848	Name of the second	/330	:	metal	Mezz3c		03540/	
53/				: : :	VOA	EB67		035402	
5-3/		:			VOX	EEB 67		035403	,
532	B-5 9-102		1340		Metal	Meo 2 3/	-	035404	
5-32						EEB 68		035405	
5- <i>3</i> 2	-					EEB 68		035406	
:	·								

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Sheet	ک	of	9

SAS Laboratory:
Organic Contract Laboratory:
Inorganic Contract Laboratory:
Shipping Date:
Custody Seals:

Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Traffic Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
V S 33	B-5 11½-13	501	1350	6/8	Metal	Merz 32	SAWOI	407	
S-33					VOA	EEB 69		408	
5-33					VoA	EEB 69		409	
5-34	B-5 14-15=		1405	6/8-	metal	MORZ 33	tals	4/9	
5 34					VOD	EEB 70		411	·
5-34	·				VОД	EEB 70		412	
5-35	16218		1415	48	metal	Meez 34		035413	
5-35					VOV	EEB 71		035414	
5-35			1485		VOA	EEB7/		035415	
5-36	19-20-2		1430		Metal	Mazz 35	-	035416	
5-36					VOA	EEB 72		035417	,
5-36	-				AOV	EEB72		035 4 18	
-									

Sheet 4 of 4

	SAS Laboratory:	
Site Name	Organic Contract Laboratory:	
Date	Inorganic Contract Laboratory:	
Project Manager	Shipping Date:	
Technical Assistant	Custody Seals:	
Sample Coordinator		

I						Traffic		<u> </u>	
Sample Number	Sample Location	Sample Matrix	Time	Date	Designate	Report Number	CRL Log Number	EPA Tag Number	EPA Bottle Number
5-37	B-5	501	1440	6/8	metals	Meaz 36		419	
5-37						EB 73		420	
S-37						EEB73		421	
5-38	B-5 24-252		1455	6/8	Metals	Meez 37		422	
		!			VOX	EE3 74		423	
5-38 5-38					VOA	65874		424	
	-						-		
						-			
	-								
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· ·	-					1			

ENVIRONMEN PROTECTION AGENCY

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD Office of Enforcement

230 South De. Jorn Street Chicago, Minois 60604

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DATE	ignature)		Machine Comment		OF CON-		103				REMARKS
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	ooll	X			2	4				MERROZ	5-035500, 5.035501
	1137	X	1-0		4	76				MEELOS	5-035506 5-03850#
	1202	$ \times $	1-8		7	2				主ロモヨヨ ル	5-035512,5-035513
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Case Number SAS No. (if app.	5. Sample Description (Enter in Column A)	Water Water		SAS)	Other (SAS) (Specify)		· \ (SAMPLE RETAINED DYNICA	18 8/ 5 8/	2	: 	SAMPLE RETAINED BY MICH		SAMPLE RETAINE BY MICH				•			ł,				
	7	- - ≈ 0 0	4. Rinsate	9 6	ග ්	(9)	CLP Inorganic Sample	AT TO THE	MEEZ OI	MEEZ 02	MEKZ OZ	-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	MEEZ 05	FEZ-06	MEZ 07			./							
Organic Traffic Report	ped Airbill Number	7	1 X 10	Ship medium and high concentration	sampres in paint cars. See reverse for additional instructions.	(F)	Sample Collection							X	/			eirectes en				OCT AND A			
Organ	4. Date Sh	Carrier Air born	-	trace		(E)	Station Location				/						-							(
Unite. Nates Environmental Protection Agency Contract Laucintory Program Sample Management Office FO Box 818 Alexandria, VA 22313 703-557-2490 FTS 557-2490	2. Region Number Sampling Co.	Sampler (Name) Keach	3 Ship To: CINDY Palazzo	Laterderies Controller	New Orleans, LA Tolas	(a)	Special Handling							ARRA (SPACES), SPACES (SPACES AND ARRANGE AND ARRANGE ARRANGE ARRANGE AND ARRANGE ARRA											
Sample Sample candria, V	2. Reg		a Shi	9 %		alvsis	PCB																		
Environme rogram 118 Alea 17-2490		Xother (Specify)		u c	Site Spill ID	(C) FAS Analysis	VOA BINA	X	X	X	X	1	×	1	×					//				-	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Inite. Nates I I Laicratory B FO Box 6 703-55	SI	<u> </u>		Division	\$	(B) Concen-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	7	7	7		7	7	7										Barlanas EPA form 2072-7 ushick may be most
Contrac	ck one)	do series	RFA	Freezen	MM	(A) Sample	Description tion (From box 1)	45	S	Ŋ	k,	1 9	7	5	h								\.	5.	- 1
	1. Type of Activity (Check one) ENF NPTD RA	ESI PA	und Proc	H	Gity, State St. Cloy d	d C	Sample Number (From labels)	EEB37	EE 8 38	EEK 189	EEB 40		टर्हा है। य	Entering white	EEB>44	4			s						E. Form 0110.2 (8.98)

The first of the		Confit	United States Env act Laboratory Prog PO Box 818		ntal Prote Sample andria, V.	xdion Agency Management Office A 22313	B	Organic Traffic Report	To.	Case Number SAS I	SAS No. (if apr	®
STR	1 9	t one)	ĘĘ.	3-557-2490	FIS 557	2490		. 1 -				
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New Orl Pass P. E. Ship medium and high concentration Sine Spill ID	100 m	中子			3. Sh	Soft Soft GIV, Lab	<u></u>	me required for matrix licate aqueous sample.		ale le odimorri		
M Sine Spill	ī	Freez	20		2	5801 Press Dr., E.l.		um and high concentra	, 0, V	AS)		
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5 L X B B G G 7 957 MEZ 08 5 L X B B G G 101 Mac 09 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 10 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 17 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 17 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 17 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 17 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 17 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 17 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 21 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 21 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 21 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 22 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 22 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 22 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 22 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 22 5 L X B B G G 1056 Mez 22 5 L X B B G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G		Descrip- tion (From	tration L=low M=med H=high	WOA BINA	Pcs (Special Handling	Station	Sample	CLP Inorganic Sample Number	·		
5 L X B2 6/7 1011 Mezz 19 5 L X B2 6/7 1045 Mezz 19 5 L X B2 6/7 1334 Mezz 19 5 L X B3 6/7 1334 Mezz 19 5 L X B3 6/7 1337 Mezz 19 5 L X B3 6/7 1357 Mezz 19 5 L X B3 6/7 1357 Mezz 19 5 L X B3 6/7 1357 Mezz 19 5 L X B3 6/7 1430 Mezz 21 5 L X B3 6/7 1430 Mezz 22 5 L X B3 6/7 1430 Mezz 22 5 L X B3 6/7 1435 Mezz 22 5 L X Mezz 22 5 L X Mezz 22 6 B3 6/7 1430 Mezz 22 7 Mez		5	7	X			BZ	1	M-6208			
5 C X		7	7	X			132					
5 L X B2 6/7 1045 Mecz 11 5 L X B2 6/7 1056 Mecz 12 5 L X B2 6/7 1334 Mecz 15 5 L X B2 6/7 1334 Mecz 15 5 L X B2 6/7 1337 Mecz 19 5 L X B2 6/7 1337 Mecz 19 5 L X B2 6/7 1430 Mecz 20 6 B2 6/7 1438 Mecz 20 7				7			-AB-	17 1036	1 [Returned by MA	\$.	
5 L X B2 6/7 1148 Mez 12 5 L X B-3 6/7 1334 Meczl5 5 L X B-3 6/7 1337 Meczl5 5 L X B-3 6/7 1357 Mecz 18 5 L X B-3 6/7 1357 Mecz 20 5 L X B-3 6/7 1357 Mecz 18 5 L X B-3 6/7 1405 Mecz 20 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 Mecz 20		l./	7	X			182		Meoz 11			
5 L X B-3 6/7 1148 Mecc15 5 L X B-3 6/7 1334 Mecc15 5 L X B-3 6/7 1357 Mecc 14 5 L X B-3 6/7 1455 Mecc 14 5 L X B-3 6/7 1450 Mecc 14 5 L X B-3 6/7 1450 Mecc 19 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 Mecc22 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 Mecc22 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 Mecc22 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 Mecc222		2	J	\times		-	132	1 1056	Mesz 12		. :	
5 L X B-3 6/7-1210 Meec/5 5 L X B-3 6/7-1334 Meec-15 5 L X B-3 6/7-1357 Meec-77 5 L X B-3 6/7-1405 Meec-77 5 L X B-3 6/7-1405 Meec-21 5 L X B-3 6/7-1458 Meec-21		5	7	X			82	Į.	Maz 14			
5 L X B-3 6/7 1334 March 16 5 L X B-3 6/7 1357 March 18 5 L X B-3 6/7 1435 March 18 5 L X B-3 6/7 1430 March 20 5 L X B-3 6/7 1430 March 20 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 March 20 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 March 20 5 L X B-3 6/7 1458 March 20 6 L X B-3 6/7 1458 March 20 7		4)	-9-	X			132	4	Meerts	Retained by MF	CA	
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5 L X B3 6/11405 Mezz 19 5 L X B3 6/11405 Mezz 21 5 L X B3 6/11405 Mezz 21 5 L X B3 6/11430 Mezz 21 5 L X B3 6/11458 Mezz 22 5 L X B3 6/11458 Mezz 22		4	7	*			B-3-	4/4	}	Relained by	132	
5 6 X Mezz 19 5 C X Mezz 21 5 C X Mezz 21 5 C X Mezz 21 5 C X B-3 6/7 Mezz 21 5 C X Mezz 22 5 C X Mezz 22 5 C X Mezz 22 6 Mezz 22 6 Mezz 22 7 C X Mezz 22 7		77	7	×			18-3	7	-			
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Appendix 3

Ground Water Sampling Visit Report

Appendix 4
WCI Sampling Data



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MPCA, HAZARDOUS WASTE DIVISION

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION REPORT WCI FREEZER DIVISION ST. CLOUD, MINNESOTA

Prepared For:

Richard B. Clute WCI Freezer Division 701 33rd Avenue North St. Cloud, MN 56303

Prepared By:

PACE Laboratories, Inc. 1710 Douglas Drive North Minneapolis, MN 55422

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Appendix 2 Report of Laboratory Analyses (PACE)	Tab 3
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Annendix 4 WCI Data Comparison	Tab 5

I. Scope of Work

On June 5-8, 1989 soil borings were drilled at seven locations on WCI property. In addition, monitoring wells were installed at three of the seven soil boring locations. Soil boring and well locations were agreed upon by Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) and WCI Freezer Division staff. Approximate boring and well locations are shown on Figure 1.

All soil borings were advanced with a hollow stem auger and three inch split spoon samples were collected at two and one-half foot intervals at five of the seven boring locations. Except as noted in Section II (below), selected portions of the borings were screened for organic vapors in the field using a HNu ISPI-101 trace gas analyzer. Selected portions of the borings were sampled by PACE and by the MPCA for subsequent laboratory analyses. Ground water samples were collected from the monitoring wells and samples were provided to MCPA and Metcalf and Eddy on August 23, 1989. A copy of the Braun Engineering Testing, Inc. report on drilling and well installation activities is provided in Appendix 1. Copies of the PACE and MPCA reports of laboratory analyses for the samples are provided in Appendices 2 and 3, respectively. A comparative Table of MPCA and PACE volatile organics data is provided in Appendix 4.

II. Review of Field and Laboratory Analytical Data

Soil Boring Samples

Boring B-1 (Braun designation ST-1) was placed in an open area on the southwestern portion of the property (see Figure 1). The location was chosen to allow collection of information on background soil, metal and organic concentration ranges.

Soil samples were obtained at two and one-half foot increments to a depth of 20-1/2 feet. Samples were screened in the field with the HNu. Instrument problems prevented the collection of reliable data.

The MCPA collected samples from the four to 20-1/2 foot interval and analyzed the samples for RAS total metals and volatile organic compounds (VOCs). PACE collected samples from the nine to 20-1/2 foot depth and analyzed for RAS total metals and cyanide. In addition, samples from the 16-1/2 to 18 and 19 to 20-1/2 foot intervals were analyzed by PACE for VOCs.

Data from both laboratories (for comparable sample intervals) is generally similar. Metal concentrations from sample to sample were either quite consistent (antimony, arsenic, beryllium, cobalt,

Project No. 900207.204 April 23, 1990 Page 2

copper, lead, mercury, selenium, silver, thallium and vanadium) or varied by a factor of as much as two or more (aluminum, barium, cadmium, calcium, chromium, iron, magnesium, manganese, nickel, potassium, sodium, and zinc). Detectable concentrations of VOCs and cyanide were not reported present in samples analyzed by PACE.

MPCA's contract laboratory reported methylene chloride, acetone and methyl ethyl ketone (2-butanone) in most of their samples and blanks indicating that positive results are attributable to sampling or laboratory contamination.

Boring B-2 (Braun designation ST-6) was drilled to a depth of 22 feet on the west side of the 1980 warehouse building (See Figure 1). Samples from the nine to 22 foot increment of the boring were field screened with the HNu. Organic vapors were not noted in any of the samples.

The MCPA collected samples (their designation B-4) from the nine to 22 foot depth for analyses of RAS total metals and VOCs. PACE collected samples from the nine to 22 foot increment for analyses of RAS total metals and cyanide. In addition, samples from the nine to ten and one-half foot increment and the 19 to 20-1/2 foot increment were collected and analyzed by PACE for VOCs.

Metal data from both laboratories (for comparable sample intervals) is reasonably similar. The data indicates sample to sample variability in metals concentrations with no obvious patterns apparent. Metals of interest (chromium and lead) were noted at concentrations not significantly different compared to background Cyanide and VOCs were not present in PACE's concentrations. The MPCA's contract concentrations. detectable laboratory reported acetone and methylene chloride present in samples and associated blanks from the entire sampled interval. Again, these consistent results indicate sampling or laboratory contamination.

Boring B-3 (Braun designated ST-7) was drilled to a depth of 25-1/2 feet on the south side of the 1980 warehouse building (see Figure 1). Samples from the six and one-half to 25-1/2 foot interval of the boring were field screened with the HNu. Organic vapors were reported present at 16-1/2 to 18 feet, 19 to 20-1/2 feet and 24 to 25-1/2 feet at 1, 1.5 and 2.5 parts per million (ppm), respectively.

The MPCA collected samples (their designation B-5) from the 14 to 25-1/2 foot interval for analyses of RAS total metals and from the 11-1/2 to 25-1/2 foot interval for VOCs. PACE collected samples from the nine to 25-1/2 foot section for analyses of RAS metals and cyanide. In addition, samples from the 21-1/2 to 25-1/2 foot interval were analyzed by PACE for VOCs.

Project No. 900207.204 February 9, 1990 Page 3

> both laboratories (for comparable data from intervals) is similar when matrix interferences, spike recovery and duplicate control limit differences limit The data indicates sample to sample variability in considered. metals concentrations and no apparent pattern. Chromium and lead concentrations were not significantly different from concentrations in the background samples. Cyanide and VOCs were not present in The MPCA's contract PACE's samples at detectable concentrations. laboratory reported acetone and methylene chloride present in samples and blanks in four of the five sampled intervals indicating laboratory contamination in sample preparation or analyses. In the case of the 16-1/2 to 18 foot interval, methylene chloride was reported present in samples and blanks while acetone was originally reported present in the sample and blank(s) but was later somehow determined not present in the associated blanks(s). information for this determination is not provided in the materials supplied by the MPCA.

> Boring B-4 (Braun designation ST-4) was drilled to a depth of 17 feet on the south side of the Number 4 paint system building (see Figure 1). Samples from the entire sample interval were field screened with the HNu. Organic vapors were not noted in any of the samples.

The MPCA collected samples (their designation B-2) from the zero to 14-1/2 foot interval and analyzed the samples for VOCs. PACE collected samples from the zero to three foot depth for VOC analyses.

Detectable concentrations of VOCs were not present in the PACE samples. The MPCA's contract laboratory reported acetone and methylene chloride present in samples and associated blanks from the zero to one and one-half foot and one and one-half to three foot intervals. Acetone and methylene chloride were reported present in the six and one-half to eight foot sample and associated blank. Acetone and methylene chloride were present in samples (and blanks) from the nine to 14-1/2 foot interval and methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) ranged from 34 to 37 ug/kg in that interval. This pattern again indicates laboratory contaminant sources.

Boring B-5 (Braun designation ST-5) was drilled to a depth of 20-1/2 feet on the south side of the Number 4 paint system building east of B-4. Samples for the entire sample interval were field screened with the HNu. Organic vapors were not noted in any of the samples.

The MPCA collected samples (their designation B-3) from selected portions of the one and one-half to 20-1/2 foot interval for analyses of VOCs. PACE collected samples from the one and one-half to five and one-half foot interval for VOC analyses.

Project No. 900207.204 February 9, 1990 Page 4

Detectable concentrations of VOC were not present in samples collected by PACE. The MPCA's contract laboratory again reported acetone and methylene chloride in all samples and associated blanks.

Ground Water Samples

Monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3 were sampled on August 23, 1989 as noted earlier in this report.

The MPCA collected split samples from the wells for analyses of RAS metals and VOCs. PACE collected samples for RAS metals, cyanide and VOCs.

Review of the data indicates that metals concentrations as reported by PACE and MPCA's contract laboratory are similar. Detectable concentrations of cyanide and VOCs were not present in the samples analyzed by PACE. MPCA's contract laboratory did not report detectable concentrations of VOCs in the samples with the exception of methylene chloride in the MW-l sample which was due to laboratory contamination.

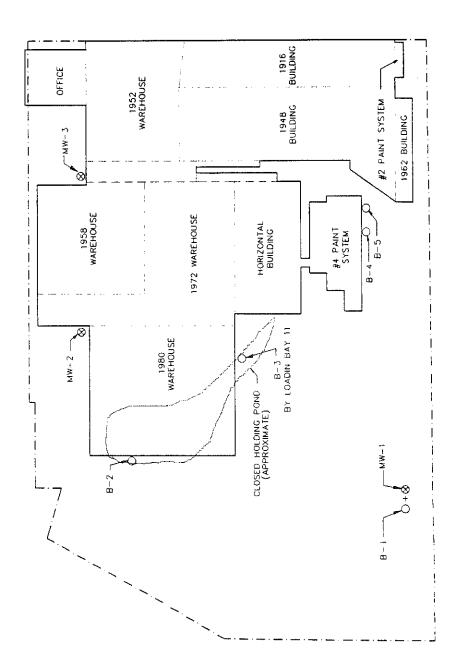
III. Conclusions and Recommendations

In our opinion, the periodic reporting of acetone, methylene chloride, MEK, unknown hydrocarbons and unknown compounds by the MPCA's contract laboratory in both samples and associated blanks is reflective of laboratory contaminant sources. We further believe that releases of hazardous constituents to soils and ground water have not been demonstrated at the WCI facility. Aside from future abandonment of the monitoring wells described in this report, further investigative efforts are not suggested or necessary.

FIGURE 1 WCI FREEZER DIVISION SOIL BORING AND WELL LOCATIONS

PACE Laboratories, Inc.

June 5-8, 1989



○ SUL BORING LOCATION
 ○ MONITORING WELL LOCATION

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS & MONITORING
WELL INSTALLATION
SERVICES
WCI Freezer Division
701 N 33rd Ave.
St. Cloud, MN

WCI FREEZER DIVISION

July 19, 1989





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AFFILIATED COMPANIES Braun Environmental Laboratories, Inc. Braun Pavement lechnologies, Inc.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS/ **GEOTECHNICAL AND MATERIALS**

Reply to address/phone #:

P.O. Box 189 St. Cloud, MN 56302 (612) 253-9940 FAX #253-3054

July 19, 1989

WCI Freezer Division 701 N 33rd Ave. St. Cloud, MN 56303

Mr. Richard Clute: Attn:

> SOIL BORINGS & MONITORING C89-112 WELL INSTALLATION SERVICES WCI Freezer Division 701 N 33rd Ave. St. Cloud, MN

Dear Mr. Clute:

We have recently conducted seven soil borings and installed and developed three monitoring wells at the WCI Freezer Division site located in St. Cloud, MN. These services were authorized by you on May 26, 1989.

FIFED INVESTIGATION

The soil borings were conducted and the monitoring wells installed between June 5 and 8, 1989. The boring locations were selected and well depths determined in the field by a representative from PACE Laboratory, Inc. A sketch showing the boring/monitoring well locations, as installed, included with this report.

The ground surface elevation at the bore hole locations and the top of the riser provided pipes were Associates, Inc.

The penetration test borings were performed between June 2 and June 6, 1989, with a truck-mounted core and auger drill. The sampling was in accordance with ASTM D1586 "Penetration Test and Split Barrel Sampling of Soils". Using this method, we advanced the bore hole with the hollow-stem auger to the desired test depth. Then a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches drove a standard, 3-inch OD, split barrel sampler a total penetration of 1% feet below the tip of the hollowstem auger. The blows for the last foot of penetration were recorded and are an index of soil strength characteristics. Soil samples were taken at increments indicated on the Log of Boring sheets.

Soils encountered in the borings were visually and manually classified in the field by the crew chief in accordance with ASTM D2487 "Unified Soils Classification System" and ASTM "Recommended Practice for Visual and Description of Soils." A copy of ASTM D2487 is attached. Due to the amount of sample obtained at each sampling interval by PACE & the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA), representative samples were not returned to the laboratory for review of the field classifications by a Therefore, the Log of Boring sheets are soils engineer. based solely on the field classifications.

RESULTS

Log of Boring sheets indicating the depth and identification of the various soil strata, the penetration resistances and water level information are attached. It should be noted that the depths shown as boundaries between the strata are only approximate. The actual change may be more of a transition and the depth of change likely varies horizontally.

In addition to the attached Log of Boring sheets, monitoring well diagrams and water well records have been prepared indicating the pertinent well installation data.

The monitoring wells were installed utilizing a two-inch diameter stainless steel riser pipe and stainless steel well screen. The screens are ten feet in length and have a .010 inch slot size. The stainless steel riser pipe was then extended to the surface with the riser pipe being encased in a four inch diameter protective casing with locking cap. In addition, steel protective posts were installed at each monitoring well. The monitoring wells were installed in accordance with current Minnesota Department of Health Water Well Construction Code.

The monitoring wells were developed by means of bailing on June 9, 1989. The bailer utilized was 1.75 inches in diameter and five feet in length. Each of the monitoring wells were bailed for approximately two hours. Sixty-five, fifty-five and fifty gallons of water were evacuated from monitoring wells one, two and three respectively. After the bailing process was completed the water clarity in monitoring wells one and three appeared cloudy monitoring well two was clear.



REMARKS

It is our pleasure to be of service to you by providing soil borings and monitoring well installation services. If you have any questions regarding the services provided to date, or if we can be of assistant in further evaluating these data, please contact Mr. Gary Traut at (612)253-9940.

Very truly yours,

BRAUN ENGINEERING TESTING, INC.

Gary 1/2. Traut

Senior Engineering Assistant

George D. Kluempke, P.E.

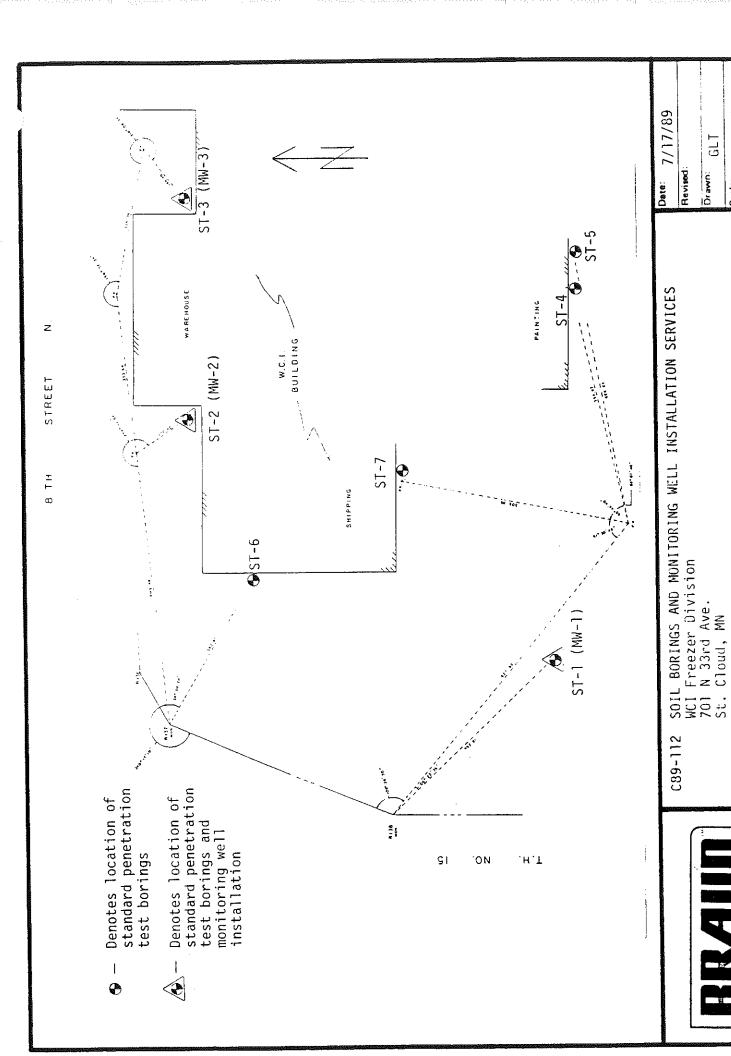
Vice President

GLT/GDK/bjb

Pace Laboratories, Inc.

Dan Comeau





Reduction

Scale:



PROJECT:

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION SERVICES

INSTALLATION SERVICES WC1 Freezer Division 701 N 33rd Ave. St. Cloud, MN

BORING:

ST-1 (MW-1)

LOCATION:

See Attached Sketch

DATE: 6-5-89 SCALE: 1"=4"

			,	DATE:	(5-5-	.89	SCALE.	1"=4'
Elev.	Depth	ASTM	Description of Materials (ASTM D2488)	MEZHINE TO	BPF	WL	Tests	or	Notes
1039.9	0.0	-	,						
1038.9	1.0	SP-SM	POURLY GRADED SAND With SILI mostly fine to medium graine	d,1				brown. psoil)	
1007 4	2.5	SM	SILTY SAND, mostly fine to medium grained, with a trace GRAVEL, brown, moist, medium	of			(Ou	twash)	
1037.4	2.5	SP	POORLY GRADED SAND with GRAV mostly fine to medium graine brown, moist, medium dense t dense. (Outwash)	EL, d,	45		eleva hole the t pipe provi		the bore as and at ae riser ons were RCM
1030.9	9.0	SP	POORLY GRADED SAND WITH GRAV	C1	11	V			
		3r	mostly fine to medium graine brown, waterbearing, medium dense to dense. (Outwash)		18				
1025.9	14.0	SP	POORLY GRADED SAND, mostly f	Ine	40				
-			to medium grained, with a tr of GRAVEL, brown, waterbeari medium dense. (Outwash)	ace	27		Insta	oring walled in at the	
					29				
					12				
1019.4	20.5	1	END OF BORING.						
			Water level down 10' with 20 hollow-stem auger in the gro		1				



PROJECT:

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL
INSTALLATION SERVICES
WCI Freezer Division
701 N 33rd Ave.
St. Cloud, MN

BORING:

ST-2 (MW-2)

LOCATION:

See Attached Sketch

DATE: C.C.O. SCALE

	DATE: 6-6-89				SCALE: 1"=4'				
Elev.	Depth	ASTM	Description of Materials		BPF	WL	Tests	or	Notes
1041.9	0.0	D2487 Symbol	(ASTM D2488)						
1041.7	0.2	Symbol	Bituminous .						
		SP	POORLY GRADED SAND, mostly to medium grained, with a t of GRAVEL, brown, moist, de (Outwash)	race					
iluation and descr					31				
Standard Plates for evaluation and descriptive terminology.)	14.0	SP-SM	POORLY GRADED SAND with SIL mostly fine to medium grain with a little GRAVEL, brown the 20' depth then gray, waterbearing, medium dense (Outwash)	ned, n to	14				
(See Report and					17	-	Monif	toring w	ell #2
1019.9	22.0		END OF BORING. Water level down 17' with 2 hollow-stem auger in the gr	22' of round.			at th	alled in ne 22' d	bore hole epth.



PROJECT:

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION SERVICES

INSTALLATION SERVICES WCI Freezer Division 701 N 33rd Ave. St. Cloud, MN

BORING:

ST-3 (MW-3)

LOCATION:

See Attached Sketch

DATE:

6-5-89

SCALE: 1"=4"

			l D	AIE:	6	-5-	89	SUALE: 1	"=4"
Elev.	Depth	D2487	Description of Materials (ASTM D2488)	E	3PF V	٧L	Tests	Of	Notes
1041.7	0.0	Symbol				_			
1039.7	2.0	SP	FILL: consisting primarily of POORLY GRADED SAND (SP), most fine to medium grained, dark POORLY GRADED SAND, mostly fit to medium grained, with a tra of GRAVEL, brown, moist. (Outwash)	ne ne			¹ browi	n, moist.	
1027.7	8.0	SP-SM	POORLY GRADED SAND with SILI, mostly fine to medium grained with a little GRAVEL, brown, moist, medium dense. (Outwash)	1,	14	A STATE OF THE STA			
1027.7	14.0	SP	POORLY GRADED SAND, medium to coarse grained, with a little GRAVEL, brown, waterbearing, medium dense. (Outwash)		20				
1021.2	20.5		END OF BORING. Water level down 16' with 20'		22		insta	oring we lied in le 20' de	bore hol
			hollow-stem auger in the grou						



SCALE: 1"=4"

PROJECT:

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION SERVICES

WCI Freezer Division 701 N 33rd Ave. St. Cloud, MN BORING: ST-4

LOCATION:

DATE:

See Attached Sketch

6-7-89

Elev. Depth **ASTM Description of Materials** BPF WL Tests orNotes D2487 (ASTM D2488) 1044.7 0.0 Symbol FILL: consisting primarily of SILTY SAND (SM), mostly fine to medium grained, with a trace of GRAVEL, dark brown, moist.

POORLY GRADED SAND, mostly fine 14 1042.7 2.0 18 to medium grained, with a little GRAVEL, few Cobbles, brown, moist, medium dense. (Outwash) 1039.7 5.0 SILTY SAND, mostly fine to medium grained, with a trace of GRAVEL, few Cobbles, dark brown SM 32 to black, moist, very dense. (TIII)91 1035.7 9.0 SM SILTY SAND, mostly fine to medium grained, with a trace of GRAVEL, few Cobbles, gray, moist, very dense. (Till) 55 3001/3" 97 1027.2 17.5 END OF BORING. Water level not encountered with 17' of hollow-stem auger in the ground. Water level not encountered to cave-in depth of 15' immediately after withdrawal of auger.

Boring then backfilled.



PROJECT:

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL
INSTALLATION SERVICES
WCI Freezer Division
701 N 33rd Ave.
St. Cloud, MN

BORING: ST-5

LOCATION:

See Attached Sketch

DATE: 6-7-89 SCALE: 1"=4'

				DAIL.		6-7-89		SCALE:	1"=4'
Elev.	Depth	ASTM D2487	Description of Materials (ASTM D2488)	***	BPF	WL	Tests	or	Notes
1044.9	0.0	Symbol	(AST N D2400)						
1044.5	0.4		Bituminous.						
			FILL: consisting primarily POORLY GRADED SAND with GRAY (SP), mostly fine to medium	VEL					
1041.9	3.0		grained, brown to dark brown few Roots, moist.	٦,	14				
		SP	POORLY GRADED SAND, mostly to medium grained, with a tr of GRAVEL, few Cobbles, brow	ace					
			Moist, medium dense.	vn,	4 4				
Ì			(Outwash)		11				
							:		
					22				
					22				
1032.9	10.0			Ì					
1032.9	12.0	SM	SILIY SAND, mostly fine grai	ned,	73				
			with a little GRAVEL, gray, moist, very dense. (Tili)		/3				
			(1111)						
	<u>'</u>				139				
				ļ					
				-	75				
1024.4	20.5				84				
			END OF BORING.						
			Water level not encountered a 20' of hollow-stem auger in ground.	with the					
			Boring then backfilled.			ĺ			
									i
		·							
					ļ				
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		ľ		Į	- 1	- 1			



PROJECT:

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION SERVICES

INSTALLATION SERVICES WCI Freezer Division 701 N 33rd Ave. St. Cloud, MN

BORING: ST-6

LOCATION:

See Attached Sketch

DATE: 6-8-89 SCALE: 1"=4'

									=4
Elev.	Depth	ASTM D2487	Description of Materials	В	PF	WL	Tests	or	Notes
1040.9	0.0	Symbol	(ASTM D2488)						
1040.5	0.4		Bituminous . Aggregate Base.						
1039.4	1.5	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
			FILL: consisting primarily of POORLY GRADED SAND (SP), most fine to medium grained, with little GRAVEL, brown, moist.	t Iv					
1022 0	0 0								
1032.9	8.0		POSSIBLE FILL: consisting						
1000 0	11.0		primarily of SILTY SAND (SM), mostly fine to medium grained with a trace of GRAVEL, dark brown, moist.	١,	11				
1029.9	11.0	SP-SM	POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT,						
1026.9	14.0		mostly fine to medium grained with a little GRAVEL, brown, moist, dense. (Outwash)	,	3				
1020.0	14.0	SP	POORLY GRADED SAND, MOSTLY FT	ne					
			to medium grained, with a tra of GRAVEL, brown, waterbearin loose. (Outwash)	ce 🗔					
				6					
1020.9	20.0								
.020.5	20.0	SC-SM	SILTY CLAYEY SAND, MOSTLY FIN	e .	12				
1018.4	22.5		to medium grained, with a tra- of GRAVEL, gray, wet, very dense. (TIII)	ce					
			END OF BORING.	8	0				
	1	:	Water level down 14' with 22' hollow-stem auger in the groun	of nd.					
			Water level not encountered to cave—in depth of 10' immediate after withdrawal of auger.	o ely					
:			Boring then backfilled.						



PROJECT:

C89-112 SOIL BORINGS AND MONITORING WELL
INSTALLATION SERVICES
WCI Freezer Division
701 N 33rd Ave.
St. Cloud, MN

BORING:	ST-7
Doniiva.	- ' '

LOCATION:

See Attached Sketch

DATE: 6-8-89 SCALE: 1"=4' Fley Denth ASTM RDE WILL Tosts Description of Materials

	Elev.	Depth	ASTM D2487	Description of Materials (ASTM D2488)	BPF	WL	Tests	or	Notes
	1041.1	0.0	Symbol						į
ľ	1040.6	0.5		Concrete.	1				
				FILL: consisting primarily of POORLY GRADED SAND with GRAVEL, mostly fine to medium grained, brown, moist.					
					60				
	:								
					30				
	1030.1	11.0	SP	POORLY GRADED SAND, mostly fine					
				to medium grained, with a trace of GRAVEL, brown, waterbearing, very loose to medium dense. (Outwash)	13				
					8				
					8				
Ì					7				
					27				:
Ì					4				
	015.6	25.5			22				
				END OF BORING.					
	; ;			Water level down 15' with 25' of hollow-stem auger in the ground.					
				Water level down 12' immediately after withdrawal of auger.					
				Boring then backfilled.					
				after withdrawal of auger.					

•		INKING MEET LIFED DATA SHEET	Unique Well 451745 Number
Client	Proj. No. (289-112 Location WCI Freezer	<u>Division</u>
Date Of		ocation	Date of Installation6-5-89
Revision	Crew	B.M. Location & Elev.(±0.01)
Stick up above ground (to 0.1')	2.7'	RIMPED BOST.	One to the Co
Top of riser pipe 1 (w/o cap) 1 Elev. (±0.01')	042.46	4" x 4" x 7' Wood 4" x 7' black capped steel 3	Protective Cover: Type 4" black iro Length 5' Lock # yes
Ground surface Elev. (±0.1') 1039.	9	Type of sealing m	material <u>neat cement g</u> r
Depth to bottom 3 of surface seal	<u>·</u>	Type Diameter	Stainless 2'
Approximate water	7½'	Couplings	NA es X No
level before installation		NEAT CEMENT GROUT	
Approximate depth		Amount of material used 1 ba	
to first water encountered in drilling	8'	Proportions	
Depth to top of seal	3'	TYPE OF SEALING MATERIAL: Be	ntonite slurry
Depth to bottom of seal	1'		
Depth to top of screen	5'	TYPE OF FILTER MATERIAL: nate Amount of material used 1 b	ural sand & silica sand ag silica sand
			nson inless
		Slot Size <u>.01</u> Length <u>10</u> '	<u> </u>
Depth to bottom of screen		Diameter 2" Plug/PointPlug	
Depth to bottom 20) (
Method of advance: USA X I.D. 31 Using I.D.	, II	Remarks:	
Iricone 0.D.			
Wethod of development:			mn Allm

Air_

. •	MONITOR	ING WELL FIELD DATA SHEET	Unique Well 451746
Client	<u> Proj. No. C89-</u>	112 Location WCI Fro	Number eezer Division
Well Number MW-2 Date of Revision	Well Loca	B.M. Location & Elev.(±0	Date of Installation 6-6-89
Stick up above ground (to 0.1')			7.017
Top of riser pipe 104 (w/o cap) Elev. (±0.01')	4.93	BUMPER POST: 4" x 4" x 7' Wo 4" x 7' black capped steel _	Leogth El
Ground surface Elev. (±0.1') 1041.	9	Type of seali	ng material <u>neat cement g</u> rout
Depth to bottom of surface seal $\frac{7\frac{1}{2}}{}$	<u>. </u>	RISER PI T Diam	PE: ype <u>Stainless</u> eter <u>2"</u>
Approximate water 15' level before installation		Coupl Cap	Used <u>1-10',1-5'</u> ings <u>NA</u> Yes <u>X</u> No
Approximate depth to first water 14' encountered in drilling		Amount of material used 2 Proportions Bentonite	
Depth to top of seal Depth to bottom of seal		TYPE OF SEALING MATERIAL: Amount of material used	
Depth to top of screen 12'		TYPE OF FILTER MATERIAL: N Amount of material used	Natural Sand
		Slot Size Length Diameter	Stainless .010 10' 2"
Depth to bottom of screen		Plug/Point	plug
Depth to bottom 22'			
Hethod of advance: HSA X I.D. Hasing I.D. Hricone 0.D.		Remarks:	
ethod of development:			ППЛІП

Air.

	MONITORING	WELL FIELD DATA SHEET	Minnesota Unique Well 451747
Client	_Proj. No	Location WCI Freeze	Number er Division
Well Number MW-3 Date of	Well Location		Date of Installation 6-6-89
Revision	CrewB.M	1. Location & Elev.(±0.01)
Stick up above ground 2	.2'		
Top of riser pipe 1043 Elev. (±0.01')	.71	BUMPER POST: 4" × 4" × 7' Wood 4" × 7' black capped steel	Protective Cover: Type 4" Black Iron Length 5' Lock / yes
Ground surface Elev. (±0.1') 1041.7		Type of sealing	material neat cement grout
Depth to bottom 7' of surface seal		Diamoto	Stainless 2"
Approximate water 14'		Total Lengt Sections Use Coupling Cap	h 12' d 1-10',1-5' s NA Yes X No
installation		NEAT CEMENT GROUT	T ABOVE SEAL
Approximate depth to first water 14' encountered in drilling			ag Portland. 🗦 bag Benton
Depth to top of seal Depth to bottom of seal	TYPE Amou	OF SEALING MATERIAL: <u>Be</u> nt of material used <u>袁</u>	ntonite Slurry bag Bentonite
Depth to top of screen10'_	TYPE Amou	OF FILTER MATERIAL: Nation of material used	ural Sand
		SCREEN: John Type Sta Slot Size <u>0</u> Length <u>10</u> Diameter 2"	inless 10
Depth to bottom of screen20'		Plug/Point plu	ng
Depth to bottom 201			
Method of advance: HSA X I.D. 3½" Casing I.D. Tricone 0.D.		marks:	
	-		
Method of development:			

Air

151716

Name of Driller

IMPORTANT:

151715

IMPORTANT:

Name of Driller

451747

5/74 30M

IMPORTANT:

FUE WITH D

Descriptive Terminology

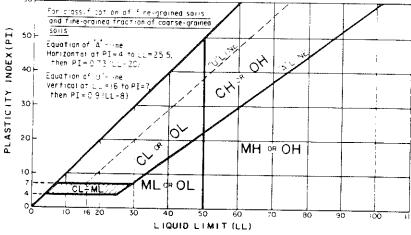
4514

Designation D 2487 -- 83

Standard Test Method for CLASSIFICATION OF SOILS FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES

	20.1				5	OIL CLASSIFICATION
	CK.	GROUP NAMES E	SIGNING ER ISING LABOR	OUP SYMBOLS AND ATORY YESTS 4	SYMBOL.	GROUP NAME b
LS d on	GRAVELS More than 50% of	GRAVELS WITH FINES		$C_U \ge 4$ and $1 \le C_C \le 3$ e	GH	Well-graded gravel f
ED SOIL refained	. coarse fraction retained on			$C_U < 4$ and/or $1 > C_c > 3$ e	32	Poorly graded gravel f
35.5	No. 4 sieve			Fines classify as ML or MH	GM.	Silty grave: f.g.h
COARSE -GRAINED more than 50% retained No 200 siev		: more than 1	than 12% fines C Fines classify as CL or CH		GC.	Clayey gravel fig.h
	SANOS	CLEAN Less than		$\mathcal{C}_{U} \geq 6$ and $1 \leq \mathcal{C}_{C} \leq 3$ θ	SW .	Well-graded sand i
		I		Cu < 6 and/or 1 > Cc > 3 e	SP	Poorly graded sand 1
	sieve	SANOS WI	TH FINES	Fines classify as ML or MH	SM	Silty sand G.A.1
	i	More than 1	ZX fines a	Fines classify as CE or EH	50	Clayey sand 9.0,1
200	SILTS AND CLAYS	inorganic	Pl > 7 an "A" lin	d plots on or above e J	а	Lean clay K, i,m
SOILS	liquid limit less than 50%	PI < 4 or plots below "A" line J		ME	Silt k,i,m	
-GRAINED SC Ppassed the Sieve		organic	Liquid II	mit - oven dried < 0.75	OL .	Organic clay K, 1, m, n Organic silt k, 1, m, o
F - GRA	SILTS AND CLAYS		PI plots	on or above "A" line	СН	Fat clay k,1,m
FINE -C	Liquid limit - 50% or more :	inorganic .		below "A" line	МН	Elastic salt k, k, m
e oc		organic	enquid (i	mit - oven dried : 0.75	Ćн	Organic clay * m. D Organic silt * m. c
High	ily organic soils	Primarily of	ganic matt	er, dark in color, and	21	Peat

a. Based on the material passing the 3-in (75-mm) sieve.	
b. If field sample contained copples and/or poulders, add "with copples and/or poulders,	
c. Gravels with 5 to 12% fines require dual symbols	i" to group name,
GW-GM well graded gravel with silt	
UH-GC well graded gravel with clav	
GP-GM poorly graded gravel with silt	
GP-GC Doorly graded grave; with clay	
 Sands with 5 to 12% fines require dual symbols 	
SW-SM well graded sand with site	
SM-SC well graded sand with clay	
SP-SM poorly graded sand with silt	
SP-SC poorly graded sand with clay	
(D ₃₀)Z	
e. $C_u = D_{60}/D_{10}$ $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$	
f. If soil contains 2 15% sand, add "with sand" to group name.	
g. If fines classify as CL-Mi, use dual symbol GC-GM, SC-SM.	
h. If fines are organic, add "with organic fines" to group name.	
i. If soil contains > 15% gravel, add "with gravel" to group name.	
J. IT Milerberg imits bigt in harched area coal in a CI will called a land	
IT SOLI CONTAINS 15 to 29% plus No. 200 and "with sand" or "with desired" assessed	
	ane.
0. Pl < 4 or plots pelow "A" line.	
P. Pi plots on or above "A" line.	
q. Pl plats below "A" line.	



LABORATORY TESTS

DD	Dry Density, pcf
WD	Wet Density, pcf
MC	Natural Moisture Content, %
LL	Liquid Limit, %
PL	Plastic Limit, %
PΙ	Plasticity Index, %

OC Organic Content. % S Percent of Saturation, %

SG Specific Gravity
C Cohesion

Angle of Internal Friction
 Unconfined Compressive Strength

PARTICLE SIZE IDENTIFICATION

Boulders	over 12"
Gravel	0 10 12
Coarse	%" 3"
Fine	No. 4 — ¾"
Sand	
Coarse	No. 4 — No. 10
Medium	No. 10 — No. 40
Fine	No. 40 — No. 200
Silt	No 200 — 005 mm
Clay	less than 005 mm
	THIN COO. ITAIN SEE: T.T.

RELATIVE DENSITY OF COHESIONLESS SOILS

very loose	.0 - 4
loose	. 5 10
medium dense	11 30
dense	31 - 50
very dense	50+1

CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS

very coff																																			
very soft.	٠,	•			٠	٠					,		٠			٠				٠		 								. ()			1	E
SOIT	٠,																													2	,			2	Ç
rather soft	•			,							,																			4	Í			5	ļ
medium																							•	•	•	•	•	•	•				•	_	•
in our sine		٠.	٠.	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•		 ٠,			٠						ť	Ó	-	- {	3	Ę
rather stiff.	٠.																				 									c	à	_	11)	£
stiff	•	٠.					٠,		-		٠			٠							 									13	}	_	16	3	E
very stiff											,																			17	7		31	1	٤
hard	٠.		٠,				. ,			,								,														. 3	3O+	+	F

DRILLING NOTES

Standard penetration test borings were advanced by 314" or 6 I.D. hollow-stem augers unless noted otherwise. Jetting water w used to clean out auger prior to sampling only where indicated a logs. Standard penetration test borings are designated by till prefix "ST" (Split Tube).

Power auger borings were advanced by 4" or 6" diameted continuous-flite, solid stem augers. Soil classification and straid depths are inferred from disturbed samples augered to the surfact and are therefore somewhat approximate. Power auger boring are designated by the prefix "B".

Hand probings were advanced manually with a 119" diameter probe and are limited to the depth from which the probe can be manually withdrawn. Hand probings are indicated by the prefit "H".

SAMPLING — All samples are taken with the standard 2" O.I split tube sampler, except where noted. TW indicates thin-wa (undisturbed) sample.

BPF — Numbers indicate blows per foot recorded in standar penetration test, also known as "N" value. The sampler is set 6 into undisturbed soil below the hollow-stem auger. Drivin resistances are then counted for second and third 6" increment and added to get BPF. Where they differ significantly, they ar reported in the following form — 2/12 for the second and third 6 increments respectively.

WH — WH indicates that sampler penetrated soil under weight chammer and rods alone, driving not required.

 ${f NOTE}$ — All tests run in accordance with applicable ASTM standards.



PAGE. aboratories, inc.

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa

Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

St. Cloud, MN 56303 Attn: Mr. Dick Clute

WCI Freezer Division

701 33rd Avenue North

Subsurface Invest.

Date Sample(s) Collected: 06/05/89 Date Sample(s) Received: 06/12/89

PACE Sample Number:			194490	
Parameter	Units	MDI	B-1 9.0'-10.5'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 1.3 5.0 0.50	2900 11 ND 39 ND	06/21/89 06/26/89 06/29/89 06/22/89 07/07/89
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.25	0.42	06/21/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	16300 13 8.4 7.4 ND 12200	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/20/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	5.7 7100 380 ND 11 240	06/20/89 06/21/89 06/20/89 06/16/89 06/20/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 56 ND ND	07/05/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/21/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194490

Parameter

Page

B-1 Units MDL 9.0

9.0'-10.5' DATE ANALYZED

ORGANIC ANALYSIS

INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content

%

1.0 8.1

07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit



REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

Mr. Dick Clute Page 3 PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194500 B-1	
<u>Parameter</u>	Units	_MDL_		DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 1.3 10 0.50 0.25	1500 12 2.9 22 ND 0.48	06/21/89 06/26/89 06/29/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/21/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	25700 7.7 8.2 8.0 ND 9600	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/20/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	8.2 11800 200 ND 8.6 210	06/20/89 06/21/89 06/20/89 06/16/89 06/20/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 38 ND ND 14	07/05/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/21/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	5.7	07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194510 B-1	
Parameter	<u>Units</u>	MDL		DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 1.3 25 0.50 0.25	1500 14 2.1 44 ND 0.50	06/21/89 06/26/89 06/29/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/21/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	39000 8.7 7.8 7.6 ND 6700	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/20/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	8.6 9800 170 ND 7.2 200	06/20/89 06/21/89 06/20/89 06/16/89 06/20/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 39 ND ND 12	07/05/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/21/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	12.8	07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989 Le PACE Project Number: 890517201

Mr. Dick Clute Page 5

PACE Sample Number:			194520 B-1	
Parameter	<u>Units</u>	_MDI	16.5'18'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 1.3 10 0.50 0.25	1300 15 ND 25 ND 0.32	06/21/89 06/26/89 06/29/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	38300 7.6 6.9 6.0 ND 5400	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	8.0 11900 190 ND 6.6 160	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/16/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 42 ND ND 9 . 4	07/05/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	10.0	07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194520 B-1	
Parameter	<u>Units</u>	MDL	16.5'18'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Bromoform 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.3 1.2 0.5 1.2 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.

MDL Method Detection Limit



REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 7

Xylenes, (total)

July 27, 1989

0.6

ND

PACE Project Number: 890517201

06/14/89

PACE Sample Number:			194520	
Parameter	<u>Units</u>	MDL	B-1 16.5'18'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene Styrene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.5 0.4 0.5 0.6	ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

mg/kg

ИD Not detected at or above the MDL. MDL Method Detection Limit



Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

Leawood

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number: Parameter	Units	_MDL_	194530 B-1 19.0-20.5'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 1.3 25 0.50 0.25	1400 13 ND ND ND ND	06/21/89 06/26/89 06/29/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	28300 9.2 6.0 6.4 ND 5300	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	7.3 8300 340 ND 8.6 220	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/16/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 40 ND ND	07/05/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	12.1	07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute

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July 27, 1989

PACE Project N

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194530 B-1	
Parameter	<u>Units</u>	_MDL_		DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND NO ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Bromoform 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.3 1.2 0.5 1.2 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.
MDL Method Detection Limit



REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

Mr. Dick Clute Page 10 July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:	194530				
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Units</u>	MDL	B-1 19.0-20.5'	DATE ANALYZED	
ORGANIC ANALYSIS					
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene Styrene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.5 0.4 0.5 0.6	ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89	
Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg	0.6	ND	06/14/89 06/14/89	

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.
MDL Method Detection Limit



Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number: Parameter INORGANIC ANALYSIS	Units	_MDL_	194540 B-2 9'-10.5'	DATE ANALYZED
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 0.25 10 0.50 0.25	4900 14 2.8 26 ND 0.45	06/21/89 06/26/89 07/05/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	15000 16 9.6 14 ND 10600	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	11 7600 360 ND 14 400	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/16/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 57 ND ND 30	07/06/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	6.0	07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

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July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

Mr. Dick Clute Page 12

PACE Sample Number:			194540	
Parameter	Units	MDL	B-2 9'-10_5'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride	mg/kg mg/kg	0.6	ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89
Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.7 0.5 1.2 1.2	ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Bromoform 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.3 1.2 0.5 1.2 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.
MDL Method Detection Limit



REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 13

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194540		
Parameter	Units	_MDL_	B-2 9'-10.5'	DATE ANALYZED	
ORGANIC ANALYSIS					
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene Styrene Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.5 0.4 0.5 0.6	ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89	

ND MDL

Not detected at or above the MDL.

Method Detection Limit



Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194550

1.0 7.6

07/06/89

<u>Parameter</u>	Units	_MDL_	B-2 11.5'-13'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Bartum Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 0.25 25 0.50 0.25	4000 18 1.6 76 ND 0.50	06/21/89 06/26/89 07/05/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	41700 12 12 17 ND 10200	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	16 19000 490 ND 12 520	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/16/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 89 12 ND 25	07/06/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				

MDL

Method Detection Limit

INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

%

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Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

890517201

194560

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number:

PACE Sample Number:

B-2 Parameter Units 14'-15.5' DATE ANALYZED MDL INORGANIC ANALYSIS INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum mg/kg 13 1100 06/21/89 **Antimony** mg/kg 10 15 06/26/89 Arsenic mg/kg 0.25 0.27 07/05/89 Bartum mg/kg 25 ND 06/22/89 Bervllium mg/kg 0.50 ND 07/07/89 Cadmium mg/kg 0.25 ND 06/26/89 Calcium 2.5 mq/kq 27100 07/06/89 Chromium mg/kg 2.5 8.0 06/21/89 Cobalt mg/kg 1.3 6.0 06/21/89 Copper mg/kg 0.25 7.2 06/27/89 Cyanide, Total mg/kg 0.50 ND 06/27/89 Iron mq/kg 1.3 4100 07/10/89 Lead 2.5 mg/kg 7.0 06/26/89 Magnesium 2.5 mg/kg 9600 06/21/89 Manganese mg/kg 0.25 170 07/10/89 Mercury mg/kg 0.02 ND 06/16/89 Nickel mg/kg 1.3 8.2 06/28/89 Potassium mg/kg 2.5 130 06/23/89 Selenium mg/kg 3.1 ND 07/06/89 Silver mg/kg 4.0 15 06/23/89 Sodium mg/kg 2.5 35 06/23/89 Thallium mg/kg 10 ND 07/05/89 Vanadium mg/kg 13 ND 06/30/89 Zinc mg/kg 2.5 9.3 06/28/89 ORGANIC ANALYSIS

MDL

INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content

Method Detection Limit

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

%

1.0

8.9

07/06/89



Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194570	
			B-2	
Parameter	Units	_MDL_	16.5'-18'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Aluminum	mg/kg	13	2700	06/21/89
Antimony	mq/kq	10	18	06/26/89
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.25	0.94	07/05/89
Barium	mg/kg	25	ND	06/22/89
Beryllium	mg/kg	0.50	ND	07/07/89
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.25	0.35	06/26/89
Calcium	mg/kg	2.5	51500	07/06/89
Chromium	mg/kg	2.5	16	06/21/89
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.3	10	06/21/89
Copper	mg/kg	0.25	9.6	06/27/89
Cyanide, Total	mg/kg	0.50	ND	06/27/89
Iron	mg/kg	1.3	9100	07/10/89
Lead	mg/kg	2.5	11	06/26/89
Magnesium	mg/kg	2.5	13200	06/21/89
Manganese	mg/kg	0.25	260	07/10/89
Mercury	mg/kg	0.02	ND	06/16/89
Nickel	mg/kg	1.3	15	06/28/89
Potassium	mg/kg	2.5	220	06/23/89
Selenium	mg/kg	3.1	ND	07/06/89
Silver	mg/kg	4.0	ND	06/23/89
Sodium	mg/kg	2.5	48	06/23/89
Thallium	mg/kg	10	ND	07/05/89
Vanadium	mg/kg	13	ND	06/30/89
Zinc	mg/kg	2.5	22	06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
minument of CDM 11 that I has 1 has				

MDL

Moisture content

Method Detection Limit

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

%

1.0 13.3

07/06/89

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

Mr. Dick Clute Page 17 PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194580 B-2	
<u>Parameter</u>	Units	_MDL_	19'-20.5'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 0.25 5.0 0.50	810 ND ND 17 ND	06/21/89 06/26/89 07/05/89 06/22/89 07/07/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.25 2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	ND 23600 8.2 4.9 5.2 ND 3300	06/26/89 07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	5.4 5500 150 ND 6.3 120	06/26/89 07/11/89 07/10/89 06/16/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 44 ND ND 7.7	07/06/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	10.7	07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

aboratories, inc.

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

890517201

Mr. Dick Clute Page 18 PACE Project Number:

PACE Sample Number:			194580	
Parameter	Units	_MDL_	B-2 19'-20 5'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Bromoform 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.3 1.2 0.5 1.2 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL. MDL Method Detection Limit



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 19

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194580 B-2	
Parameter	Units	_MDL_	19'-20.5'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene Styrene Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.5 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.6	ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

MDL

Method Detection Limit



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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

194590

PACE	Sample	Number:	

•			B-2	
Parameter	Units	MDL		DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Aluminum	mg/kg	13	3900	06/21/89
Antimony	mg/kg	10	14	06/26/89
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.25	1.3	07/05/89
Barium	mg/kg	5.0	36	06/22/89
Beryllium	mg/kg	0.50	ND	07/07/89
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.25	0.28	06/26/89
Calcium	mg/kg	2.5	9000	07/06/89
Chromium	mg/kg	2.5	14	06/21/89
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.3	8.4	06/21/89
Copper	mg/kg	0.25	14	06/27/89
Cyanide, Total	mg/kg	0.50	ND	06/27/89
Iron	mg/kg	1.3	9800	07/10/89
Lead	mg/kg	2.5	7.1	06/26/89
Magnesium	mg/kg	2.5	4200	06/21/89
Manganese	mg/kg	0.25	240	07/10/89
Mercury	mg/kg	0.02	ND	06/16/89
Nickel Nickel	mg/kg	1.3	12	06/28/89
Potassium	mg/kg	2.5	1400	06/23/89
Selenium	mg/kg	3.1	ND	07/06/89
Silver	mg/kg	4.0	ND	06/23/89
Sodium	mg/kg	2.5	83	06/23/89
Thallium	mg/kg	10	ND	07/05/89
Vanadium	mg/kg	13	ND	06/30/89
Zinc	mg/kg	2.5	21	06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Moisture content	%	1.0	8.8	07/06/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194610 B-3

4.1

07/06/89

1.0

Parameter	Units	_MDL_	9'-10.5'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 0.25 5.0 0.50 0.25	2100 16 2.7 24 ND 0.30	06/21/89 06/26/89 07/05/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	27200 7.0 9.3 9.7 ND 10500	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	8.6 9500 390 ND 10 250	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/22/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 36 ND ND	07/06/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS	-1			

%

MDL

Moisture content

Method Detection Limit

ND



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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194620

Parameter	<u>Units</u>	_MDL	B-3 <u>11.5'-13'</u>	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 0.25 5.0 0.50 0.25	1200 ND ND 12 ND ND	06/21/89 06/26/89 07/05/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	22800 6.0 7.6 4.5 ND 7500	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	6.7 12800 82 ND 7.6 170	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/22/89 06/28/89 07/05/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 120 ND ND 11	07/06/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
THRIVIRUAL BARAMETERS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				

MDL

Moisture content

Method Detection Limit

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

%

1.0

4.4

07/06/89



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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194630

1.0 10.4

07/06/89

THE Sample Hambel.			B-3	
Parameter	Units	MDL		DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Aluminum	mg/kg	13	1700	06/21/89
Antimony	mg/kg	10	12	06/26/89
Arsenic	mg/kg	0.25	0.44	07/05/89
Barium	mg/kg	5.0	14	06/22/89
Beryllium	mg/kg	0.50	ND	07/07/89
Cadmium	mg/kg	0.25	ND	06/26/89
Calcium	mg/kg	2.5	20600	07/06/89
Chromium	mg/kg	2.5	8.1	06/21/89
Cobalt	mg/kg	1.3	7.6	
Copper				06/21/89
	mg/kg	0.25	6.5	06/27/89
Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg	0.50	ND	06/27/89
11011	mg/kg	1.3	7100	07/10/89
Lead	mg/kg	2.5	6.2	06/26/89
Magnesium	mg/kg	2.5	9600	06/21/89
Manganese	mg/kg	0.25	120	07/10/89
Mercury	mg/kg	0.02	0.03	06/22/89
Nickel	mg/kg	1.3	8.3	06/28/89
Potassium	mg/kg	2.5	210	06/23/89
Selenium	mg/kg	3.1	ND	07/06/89
Silver	mg/kg	4.0	ND	06/23/89
Sodium	mg/kg	2.5	52	06/23/89
Thallium	mg/kg	10	ND	07/05/89
Vanadium	mg/kg	13	ND	06/30/89
Zinc	mg/kg	2.5	18	06/28/89
Line	mg/ kg	۷. ک	10	00/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Mara de la compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania de la compania de la compania del la compania del compania de	to.			

MDL

Moisture content

Method Detection Limit

ND



Mr. Dick Clute Page 24

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989 PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194640

1.0 18.5

07/06/89

<u>Parameter</u>	Units	_MDL_	B-3 16.5'-18'	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 0.25 5.0 0.50 0.25	3500 11 0.69 6.5 ND 0.32	06/21/89 06/26/89 07/05/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50 1.3	16200 11 12 8.7 ND 14700	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	6.2 10600 120 ND 13 260	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/22/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 100 ND ND 20	07/06/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS	-4			

MDL

Moisture content

Method Detection Limit

ND



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 25

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194650 B-3	
Parameter	Units	_MDL_		DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	13 10 0.25 5.0 0.50 0.25	2000 12 0.28 12 ND ND	06/21/89 06/26/89 07/05/89 06/22/89 07/07/89 06/26/89
Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper Cyanide, Total Iron	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 1.3 0.25 0.50	7400 8.8 7.2 7.7 ND 8000	07/06/89 06/21/89 06/21/89 06/27/89 06/27/89 07/10/89
Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	2.5 2.5 0.25 0.02 1.3 2.5	4.8 4800 90 ND 8.5 150	06/26/89 06/21/89 07/10/89 06/22/89 06/28/89 06/23/89
Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium Zinc	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	3.1 4.0 2.5 10 13 2.5	ND ND 110 ND ND 15	07/06/89 06/23/89 06/23/89 07/05/89 06/30/89 06/28/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	15.9	07/24/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number: 194660 8-3	
Parameter Units MDL 21.5'-23' DATE ANAL	YZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS	
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS	
Aluminum mg/kg 13 1300 06/21/8	9
Antimony mg/kg 10 12 06/26/8	_
Arsenic ma/ka 0.25 ND 07/05/8	
Barium mg/kg 5.0 19 06/22/8	9
Beryllium mg/kg 0.50 ND 07/07/8	
Cadmium mg/kg 0.25 0.28 06/26/8	9
Calcium mg/kg 2.5 23600 07/06/8	0
Chromium mg/kg 2.5 8.8 06/21/8	
Cobalt mg/kg 1.3 7.6 06/21/8	-
Copper mg/kg 0.25 7.0 06/27/8	
Cyanide, Total mg/kg 0.50 ND 06/29/8	
Iron mg/kg 1.3 6900 07/10/8	
Lead ma/ka 25 61 06/25/9	_
mg/ Ng 2.3 0.1 00/20/d	
M	_
Potassium mg/kg 2.5 210 06/23/8	9
Selenium mg/kg 3.1 ND 07/06/8	9
Silver mg/kg 4.0 ND 06/23/8	
Sodium mg/kg 2.5 98 06/23/8	
Thallium mg/kg 10 ND 07/05/8	
Vanadium mg/kg 13 ND 06/30/8	
Zinc mg/kg 2.5 11 06/28/8	
ORGANIC ANALYSIS	
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS	
Moisture content % 1.0 11.1 07/06/8	9

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

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Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa

July 27, 1989

Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194660

Parameter	Units	MDL	B-3 21.5'-23'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Bromoform 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.3 1.2 0.5 1.2 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL. MDL Method Detection Limit



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 28 PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number: 194660 B-3Parameter Units MDL 21.5'-23' DATE ANALYZED ORGANIC ANALYSIS GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Toluene mg/kg 0.5 ND 06/14/89 Chlorobenzene mg/kg 0.4 ND 06/14/89 Ethyl benzene mg/kg 0.5 ND 06/14/89 Styrene mg/kg 0.6 ND 06/14/89 Xylenes, (total) mg/kg ND 0.6 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL. MDL Method Detection Limit



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Page

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

890517201

PACE Project Number:

PACE Sample Number: 194670 8-3 Parameter Units _MDL_ 24'-25.5' DATE ANALYZED INORGANIC ANALYSIS INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum mg/kg 13 1300 06/21/89 Antimony mg/kg 10 11 06/26/89 Arsenic mg/kg 0.25 ND 07/05/89 Barium 5.0 24 ma/ka 06/22/89 Bervlllum mg/kg 0.50 ND 07/07/89 Cadmium 0.25 mg/kg ND 06/26/89 Calcium mg/kg 2.5 24000 07/06/89 Chromium mg/kg 2.5 5.7 06/21/89 Cobalt 1.3 5.9 mg/kg 06/21/89 Copper 0.25 5.4 mg/kg 06/27/89 Cyanide, Total 0.50 ND mg/kg 06/29/89 Iron mg/kg 1.3 5200 07/10/89 Lead 2.5 5.9 mg/kg 06/26/89 Magnesium 8600 2.5 mg/kg 06/21/89 Manganese mg/kg 0.25 250 07/10/89 Mercury ND mg/kg 0.02 06/22/89 Nickel mg/kg 1.3 7.0 06/28/89 Potassium mg/kg 2.5 190 06/23/89 Selenium 3.1 ND ma/ka 07/06/89 Silver mg/kg 4.0 ND 06/23/89 Sodium 2.5 93 mg/kg 06/23/89 mg/kg Thallium 10 ND 07/05/89 Vanadium mq/kg 13 ND 06/30/89 Zinc mg/kg 2.5 10 06/28/89 ORGANIC ANALYSIS INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS %

MDL Method Detection Limit

Moisture content

ND Not detected at or above the MDL. 1.0

10.5

07/06/89

PACE. laboratories, inc

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coraiville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

Mr. Dick Clute Page 30

PACE Sample Number:			194670 B-3	
Parameter	Units	_MDL_		DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Bromoform 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.3 1.2 0.5 1.2 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.
MDL Method Detection Limit



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 31

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194670 B-3	
<u>Parameter</u>	Units	_MDL_	24'-25.5'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.5 0.4 0.5	ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89
Styrene Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg mg/kg	0.6	ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.
MDL Method Detection Limit

laboratories, inc.

Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa

July 27, 1989

Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:	Units	_MDL_	194680 B-4 0-1.5'	DATE_ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	7.2	07/06/89
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene	mg/kg	0.3	ND	06/14/89

MDL Method Detection Limit

2-Chloroethylvinyl ether

Bromoform

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.

mg/kg

mg/kg

1.2

0.5

ND

ND

06/14/89

06/14/89



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa

Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 33

July 27, 1989 Lea PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194680 B-4	
Parameter	<u>Units</u>	_MDL_	0-1.5'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 1.2 1.0 0.5 0.4 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Styrene Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.6	ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89

ND Not detected at or above the MDL. MDL Method Detection Limit

laboratories, inc

Mr. Dick Clute

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194690 R_4

Parameter		1454	B-4	
FALAMECET	<u>Units</u>	_MDL_	1.5'-3'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Moisture content	%	1.0	4.3	07/06/89
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240				
Chloromethane	mg/kg	0.6	ND	06/14/00
Bromomethane	mg/kg	1.0	ND	06/14/89
Vinyl chloride	mg/kg	0.7	ND	06/14/89
Chloroethane	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
Methylene chloride	mg/kg	1.2	ND	06/14/89
Acetone	mg/kg	1.2	ND	06/14/89
THE CONTE	ilig/ Ky	1.6	עוו	06/14/89
Carbon disulfide	mg/kg	0.6	ND	06/14/89
1,1-Dichloroethylene	mg/kg	0.7	ND	06/14/89
1,1-Dichloroethane	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
Chloroform	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
,	9, 1.79	0.5	110	00/14/03
2-Butanone (MEK)	mg/kg	1.2	ND	06/14/89
l,l,l-Trichloroethane	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
Carbon tetrachloride	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
Vinyl acetate	mg/kg	1.2	ND	06/14/89
Bromodichloromethane	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mq/kq	0.3	ND	06/14/89
	.			00/14/03
1,2-Dichloropropane	mg/kg	0.4	ND	06/14/89
Trans-1,3-dichloropropene	mg/kg	0.3	ND	06/14/89
Trichloroethylene	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89
Dibromochloromethane	mg/kg	0.4	ND	06/14/89
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	mg/kg	0.4	ND	06/14/89
Benzene	m g /kg	0.3	NÐ	06/14/89
	-			_ -
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene	mg/kg	0.3	ND	06/14/89
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	mg/kg	1.2	ND	06/14/89
Bromoform	mg/kg	0.5	ND	06/14/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa

Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Mr. Dick Clute Page 35

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:			194690 B-4	
Parameter	Units	_MDL_	1.5'-3'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 1.2 1.0 0.5 0.4 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Styrene Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.6	ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

MDL Method Detection Limit



Page 36

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989 PACE Project Number: 890517201

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Sample Number:			194760 B-5	
<u>Parameter</u>	Units	_MDL_	1.5'-3'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content	%	1.0	5.9	07/06/89
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 1.0 0.7 0.5 1.2	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethylene 1,1-Dichloroethane Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.7 0.5 0.5 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
2-Butanone (MEK) 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Vinyl acetate Bromodichloromethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 0.5 0.5 1.2 0.5 0.3	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
I,2-Dichloropropane Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Trichloroethylene Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.4 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.4	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Cis-1,3-dichloropropene 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Bromoform	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	0.3 1.2 0.5	ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 19**89**

PACE Project Number: 890517201

Mr. Dick Clute Page 37

PACE Sample Number:			194760 B-5	
Parameter	Units	MDL	1.5'-3'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 1.2 1.0 0.5 0.4 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Styrene Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.6	ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

MDL Method Detection Limit



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Page

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, lowa Novato, California

July 27, 1989

Leawood, Kansas

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number: 194770 B-5 Parameter Units MDL 4'-5.5' DATE ANALYZED ORGANIC ANALYSIS INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Moisture content % 1.0 5.7 07/06/89 GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 Chloromethane mg/kg 0.6 ND 06/14/89 Bromomethane 1.0 ND mq/kg 06/14/89 Vinyl chloride mg/kg 0.7 ND 06/14/89 Chloroethane mg/kg 0.5 ND 06/14/89 Methylene chloride mg/kg 1.2 ND 06/14/89 Acetone mg/kg 1.2 ND 06/14/89 Carbon disulfide 0.6 ND ma/ka 06/14/89 1,1-Dichloroethylene 0.7 ND mg/kg 06/14/89 1,1-Dichloroethane 0.5 mg/kg ND 06/14/89 Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene 0.5 mg/kg ND 06/14/89 Chloroform mg/kg 0.5 ND 06/14/89 1,2-Dichloroethane mg/kg 0.5 ND 06/14/89 2-Butanone (MEK) 1.2 ND mg/kg 06/14/89 1.1.1-Trichloroethane mg/kg 0.5 ND 06/14/89 Carbon tetrachloride 0.5 mg/kg ND 06/14/89 Vinyl acetate mg/kg 1.2 ND 06/14/89 Bromodichloromethane mq/kq 0.5 ND 06/14/89 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane mg/kg 0.3 ND 06/14/89 1,2-Dichloropropane mg/kg 0.4 ND 06/14/89 Trans-1,3-dichloropropene mg/kg 0.3 ND 06/14/89 Trichloroethylene mg/kg 0.5 ND 06/14/89 Dibromochloromethane 0.4 ND mg/kg 06/14/89 1,1,2-Trichloroethane mg/kg 0.4 ND 06/14/89 Benzene mg/kg 0.3 ND 06/14/89 Cis-1,3-dichloropropene mg/kg 0.3 ND 06/14/89 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether mq/kq 1.2 ND 06/14/89

MDL. Method Detection Limit

Bromoform

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.

mg/kg

0.5

ND

06/14/89



Page

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REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

July 27, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890517201

PACE Sample Number:

194770 B-5

Parameter	<u>Units</u>	MDL	4'-5.5'	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
GCMS FOR VOLATILE ORGANICS-8240 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) Tetrachloroethylene Toluene Chlorobenzene Ethyl benzene	mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg mg/kg	1.2 1.2 1.0 0.5 0.4 0.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89 06/14/89
Styrene Xylenes, (total)	mg/kg mg/kg	0.6 0.6	ND ND	06/14/89 06/14/89

ND

Not detected at or above the MDL.

MDL

Method Detection Limit

The analyses of soil samples were performed 'as received' and do not reflect analyses on a dry weight basis unless indicated.

The data contained in this report were obtained using EPA or other approved methodologies. All analyses were performed by me or under my direct supervision.

Thomas L. Halverson

Inorganic Chemistry Manager

Dennis R. Seeger

Organic Chemistry Manager

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SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD Analytical Request	Pace Client No. 6 (906 2	Pace Project Manager Off Comba	Pace Project No. 290 517.20	*Requested Due Date:	REMARKS **COURT CHART CHA
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	Client WCT freque Divinion	Address 70 33 12 My . N	Stllm2, MN 56333	Phone	and By (PRINT): 1 K + Cycaculo Pate Sampled 6 - 7 - 89 8 - 4 C - 12 8 - 4 4 - 52 8 - 4 4 - 52 8 - 4 62 - 8 8 - 4 62 - 8 8 - 4 62 - 8 8 - 4 12 - 3 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13 9 - 4 12 - 13 8 - 4 12 - 13

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SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

750	boratories, inc.
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St. Cloud, MN 56303		P.O. # / Billing Reference	ence	Pace Project No. 8905/7, 20/
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SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

300	aboratories, inc.
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					CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD Analytical Request
Client DCF Freezer ex Division		Report To:		And the second s	Pace Client No. 0 900 2
Address 701 33 Mg. Ave N		Bill To:			Pace Project Manager
St Cleans, MN 56303		P.O. # / Billing Reference	ference		Pace Project No. 890517. 20/
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Additional Comments
See attacked
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SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

PACE, laboratories, inc

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas Irvine, California

WCI Freezer Division
701 33rd Avenue North
St. Cloud, MN 56303

September 20, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890822200

Attn: Mr. Dick Clute

August Well Sampling

PACE Sample Number:	304070
Date Collected:	08/23/89
Date Received:	08/23/89

Parameter Units MDL MW-1 DATE ANALYZED

FIELD PARAMETERS

GROUND WATER FIELD PARAMETERS				
Specific Conductivity (Field)	umhos/cm2	10	650	08/22/89
pH (Field)	units	0.1	7.1	08/22/89
Static Water (Elevation)	ft	0.01	1029.54	08/22/89
Temperature (Field)	Degrees C	0.5	11.0	08/22/89

INORGANIC ANALYSIS

INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Aluminum	mg/L	0.5	ND	09/11/89
Arsenic	mg/L	0.002	ND	09/12/89
Barium	mg/L	0.2	ND	09/07/89
Cadmium	mg/L	0.0010	ND	09/12/89
Chromium	mg/L	0.001	ND	09/11/89
Cobalt	mg/L	0.05	ND	09/05/89
Copper	mg/L	0.01	ND	08/31/89
Cyanide, Total	mg/L	0.01	ND	08/25/89
Iron	mg/L	0.05	0.05	09/01/89
Lead	mg/L	0.001	ND	09/06/89
Magnesium	mg/L	0.10	33	09/11/89
Manganese	mg/L	0.01	0.03	09/01/89
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	mg, c	0.01	0.03	03701703
Mercury	mg/L	0.0002	ND	09/08/89
Nickel	mg/L	0.05	ND	08/31/89
Potassium	mg/L	0.10	2.1	09/12/89
Selenium	mg/L	0.050	ND	09/12/89
Silver	mg/L	0.04	ND	08/25/89
Sodium	mg/L	0.10	6.0	09/12/89
	//g/ L	0.10	0.0	03112103

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND

Thallium

Not detected at or above the MDL.

mg/L

0.4

ND

09/10/89



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Irvine, California

September 20, 1989 PACE Project Number: 890822200

Mr. Dick Clute Page 2

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected: Date Received: Parameter	<u>Units</u>	_MOL_	304070 08/23/89 08/23/89 MH-1	DATE ANALYZED
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Zinc	mg/L	0.10	ND	08/30/89
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
VOLATILE ORGANICS-624 Benzene Bromodichloromethane	ug/L ug/L	2.7 4.3	ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89
Bromoform Bromomethane Carbon tetrachloride	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4.0 7.1 3.8	ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
Chlorobenzene Chloroethane	ug/L	2.5	ND	08/31/89
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Chloroform	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4.1 6.3 4.5	ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
Chloromethane Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4.7 3.0 9.6	ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/L ug/L ug/L	9.5 12 4.4	ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
<pre>1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene</pre>	ug/L ug/L ug/L	3.9 6.5 3.7	ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Cis-1,3-dichloropropene Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Ethyl benzene Methylene chloride	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	3.0 1.4 2.1 4.2	ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/L ug/L	10 1.8	ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89

MDL ND

Method Detection Limit



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Page

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas Irvine, California

08/31/89

September 20, 1989

PACE Project Number:

890822200

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected: Date Received: Parameter	<u>Units</u>	MDL	304070 08/23/89 08/23/89 MH-1	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
VOLATILE ORGANICS-624 Tetrachloroethylene Toluene 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	7.1 4.3 4.3 3.1 3.5 5.9	ND ND ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89

ug/L

6.0

ND

MDL

Vinyl chloride

Method Detection Limit

oratories, inc

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas Irvine, California

Mr. Dick Clute Page

September 20, 1989 PACE Project Number: 890822200

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected: Date Received: Parameter	<u>Units</u>	_MDL_	304080 08/23/89 08/23/89 MH-2	DATE ANALYZED
FIELD PARAMETERS				
GROUND WATER FIELD PARAMETERS Specific Conductivity (Field) pH (Field) Static Water (Elevation) Temperature (Field)	umhos/cm2 units ft Degrees C	10 0.1 0.01 0.5	880 7.1 1026.67 13.5	08/22/89 08/22/89 08/22/89 08/22/89
INORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Arsenic Barium Cadmium Chromium Cobalt	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.5 0.002 0.2 0.0010 0.001	ND O.009 ND ND ND ND	09/11/89 09/12/89 09/07/89 09/12/89 09/11/89 09/05/89
Copper Cyanide, Total Iron Lead Magnesium Manganese	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.01 0.01 0.05 0.001 0.10 0.01	0.01 ND 4.5 ND 31	08/31/89 08/25/89 09/01/89 09/06/89 09/11/89 09/01/89
Mercury Nickel Potassium Selenium Silver Sodium	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.0002 0.05 0.10 0.050 0.04 0.10	ND ND 3.4 ND ND 32	09/08/89 08/31/89 09/12/89 09/12/89 08/25/89 09/12/89
Thallium Zinc	mg/L mg/L	0.4 0.10	ND ND	09/10/89 08/30/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida

Coralville, lowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas Irvine, California

Mr. Dick Clute Page 5

September 20, 1989 PACE Project Number: 890822200

Da Da	ACE Sample Number: ate Collected: ate Received: arameter	<u>Units</u>	<u>MDI</u>	304080 08/23/89 08/23/89 MM-2	DATE ANALYZED
OI	RGANIC ANALYSIS				
I!	NDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
Be Br Br Ca	OLATILE ORGANICS-624 enzene romodichloromethane romoform romomethane arbon tetrachloride nlorobenzene	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	2.7 4.3 4.0 7.1 3.8 2.5	ND ND ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
2- Ch Ch D1	nloroethane -Chloroethylvinyl ether nloroform nloromethane lbromochloromethane ,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	4.1 6.3 4.5 4.7 3.0 9.6	ND ND ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
1, 1, 1,	,3-Dichlorobenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene ,1-Dichloroethane ,2-Dichloroethane ,1-Dichloroethylene rans-1,2-dichloroethylene	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	9.5 12 4.4 3.9 6.5 3.7	ND ND ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
Ci Tr Et Me	2-Dichloropropane is-1,3-dichloropropene ans-1,3-dichloropropene chyl benzene ethylene chloride 1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	3.0 1.4 2.1 4.2 10 1.8	ND ND ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
	trachloroethylene bluene	ug/L ug/L	7.1 4.3	ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89

MDL Method Detection Limit



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Tampa, Florida Coralville, lowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas Irvine, California

Mr. Dick Clute Page 6

September 20, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890822200

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected: Date Received: Parameter	Units	_MDL_	304080 08/23/89 08/23/89 MH-2	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
VOLATILE ORGANICS-624 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl chloride	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	4.3 3.1 3.5 5.9 6.0	ND ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coratville, Iowa Novato, California

Leawood, Kansas Irvine, California

Mr. Dick Clute September Page 7 PACE Projection

September 20, 1989 PACE Project Number: 890822200

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected: Date Received: Parameter	Units	MOL	304090 08/23/89 08/23/89 MH-3	DATE ANALYZED
FIFLD PARAMETERS				
GROUND WATER FIELD PARAMETERS Specific Conductivity (Field) pH (Field) Static Water (Elevation) Temperature (Field) INORGANIC ANALYSIS	umhos/cm2 units ft Degrees C	10 0.1 0.01 0.5	560 7.2 1025.41 16.0	08/22/89 08/22/89 08/22/89 08/22/89
THURBANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS Aluminum Arsenic Barium Cadmium Chromium Cobalt Copper	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.5 0.002 0.2 0.0010 0.001 0.05	ND 0.005 ND 0.0016 ND ND	09/11/89 09/12/89 09/07/89 09/13/89 09/11/89 09/05/89
Cyanide, Total	mg/L	0.01	ND	08/25/89
Iron Lead	mg/L	0.05	ND	09/01/89
Magnesium	mg/L mg/L	0.001 0.10	ND 18	09/06/89
Manganese	mg/L	0.01	0.36	09/11/89 09/01/89
Mercury Nickel Potassium Selenium Silver Sodium	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.0002 0.05 0.10 0.050 0.04 0.10	ND ND 3.1 ND ND 37	09/08/89 08/31/89 09/12/89 09/12/89 08/25/89 09/12/89
Thallium Zinc	mg/L mg/L	0.4 0.10	ND ND	09/10/89 08/30/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa

Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas Irvine, California

Mr. Dick Clute Page 8 September 20, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890822200

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected: Date Received: Parameter	<u>Units</u>	MDL	304090 08/23/89 08/23/89 MW-3	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
INDIVIDUAL PARAMETERS				
VOLATILE ORGANICS-624 Benzene Bromodichloromethane Bromoform Bromomethane Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene Chloroethane 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Chloroform Chloromethane Dibromochloromethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethane	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	2.7 4.3 4.0 7.1 3.8 2.5 4.1 6.3 4.5 4.7 3.0 9.6 9.5 12	ND N	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
1,2-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethylene Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	3.9 6.5 3.7	ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
1,2-Dichloropropane Cis-1,3-dichloropropene Trans-1,3-dichloropropene Ethyl benzene Methylene chloride 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	3.0 1.4 2.1 4.2 10 1.8	ND ND ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89
Tetrachloroethylene Toluene	ug/L ug/L	7.1 4.3	ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89

MDL Method De ND Not detec

Method Detection Limit



Offices:

Minneapolis, Minnesota Tampa, Florida Coralville, Iowa Novato, California Leawood, Kansas

Irvine, California

Mr. Dick Clute Page 9 September 20, 1989

PACE Project Number: 890822200

PACE Sample Number: Date Collected: Date Received: Parameter	Units	MDL	304090 08/23/89 08/23/89 MH-3	DATE ANALYZED
ORGANIC ANALYSIS				
VOLATILE ORGANICS-624 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Trichloroethylene Trichlorofluoromethane Vinyl chloride	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	4.3 3.1 3.5 5.9 6.0	ND ND ND ND	08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89 08/31/89

MDL

Method Detection Limit

ND Not detected at or above the MDL.

The data contained in this report were obtained using EPA or other approved methodologies. All analyses were performed by me or under my direct supervision.

Thomas L. Halverson

Inorganic Chemistry Manager

Dennis R. Seeger

Organic Chemistry Manager

FIELD LOG DATA SHEET PACE Laboratories, Inc. WELL SAMPLING

Client: WCI Project: Aug. Sampling Project #: 890822.200
Sample Site: MW-1
Well Identification and Description: (Locked X Not Locked) Key#:
ID inches 2 PVC: Steel: Stainless Steel: Other: Labeled: MM-1
Total Well Depth (from top of casing) 5.27 meters 17.28 feet Elevation: 1042.46 feet
Static Water Level (from top of casing) Before Prepumping: 3.94 meters 12.92 feet
Static Water Level (from top of casing) At Time of Sampling: 3.94 meters 12.92 feet
Static Water Elevation: 1029.54 feet Water Column: 4.36 feet One Casing Volume .70 gal
Date Prepumped: 8/23/89 Time Prepumped: 1025 Volume Prepumped: 2.6 gal
Prepumping Method Used: 2 PC SS Bailer Pump Rate: N/A gpm
Date Sampled: 8/23/89 Time Sampled: 1100 Sampling Equipment Used: Above Bailer
Sample Temperature: 11.0 °C Sample pH: 7.1 Sample Specific Conductance: 650 umho/cm2
Field Measurements Temperature Corrected: Yes X No Metals Filtered in Field: Yes X No
Weather Conditions: 70° and sunny
Observations: collected prepump
split with Metcalf and Eddy
Sample Description: silty brown/no odor
Name and Affiliation of Sampler(s) Terry J. Borgerding, PACE Laboratories, Inc.
Name and Affiliation of Inspector(s) Present: Joseph Julik, MPCA/Ken Krueger Metcalf & Ed.

STABILIZATION TEST

Time	рН	Specific Conductance (umhos/cm2)	Temp. (°C)	Cumulative Volume Removed (gallons)
1030	7.1	650	11	. 90
1034	7.1	650	11	1.7
1039	7.1	650	11	2.6
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FIELD LOG DATA SHEET PACE Laboratories, Inc. WELL SAMPLING

Client: WCI Project: Aug. Sampling Project #: 890822.200
Sample Site: MH-2
Well Identification and Description: (Locked <u>X</u> Not Locked) Key#:
ID inches <u>2</u> PVC:Steel:Stainless Steel:Other:Labeled: <u>MM-2</u>
Total Well Depth (from top of casing) 7.27 meters 23.84 feet Elevation: 1044.93 feet
Static Water Level (from top of casing) Before Prepumping: 5.57 meters 18.26 feet
Static Water Level (from top of casing) At Time of Sampling: <u>5.57</u> meters <u>18.26</u> feet
Static Water Elevation: <u>1026.67</u> feet Water Column: <u>5.6</u> feet One Casing Volume <u>.90</u> gal
Date Prepumped: 8/23/89 Time Prepumped: 1128-1148 Volume Prepumped: 3.0 gal
Prepumping Method Used: <u>2 PC SS Bailer</u> Pump Rate: <u>N/A</u> gpm
Date Sampled: 8/23/89 Time Sampled: 1200 Sampling Equipment Used: above bailer
Sample Temperature: <u>13.5</u> °C Sample pH: <u>7.1</u> Sample Specific Conductance: <u>880</u> umho/cm2
Field Measurements Temperature Corrected: Yes <u>X No</u> Metals Filtered in Field: Yes <u>X No</u>
Weather Conditions: 70° and sunny
Observations: collected prepump
split with Metcalf and Eddy
Sample Description: <u>cloudy-not odor</u>
Name and Affiliation of Sampler(s) Terry J. Borgerding, PACE Laboratories, Inc.
Name and Affiliation of Inspector(s) Present: <u>Joseph Julik, MPCA/Ken Krueger Metcalf & Ed.</u>

STABILIZATION TEST

Time	рН	Specific Conductance (umhos/cm2)	Temp.	Cumulative Volume Removed (gallons)
1132	7.1	880	13.5	1.0
1137	7.1	880	13.5	2.0
1143	7.1	880	13.5	3.0
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FIELD LOG DATA SHEET PACE Laboratories, Inc. <u>WELL SAMPLING</u>

Client: <u>WCI</u> Project: <u>Aug. Sampling</u> Project #: <u>890822.200</u>
Sample Site: MW-3
Well Identification and Description: (Locked X Not Locked) Key#:
ID inches 2 PVC: Steel: Stainless Steel: Other: Labeled: MW-3
Total Well Depth (from top of casing) 6.48 meters 21.25 feet Elevation: 1043.71 feet
Static Water Level (from top of casing) Before Prepumping: 5.58 meters 18.30 feet
Static Water Level (from top of casing) At Time of Sampling: 5.58 meters 18.30 feet
Static Water Elevation: 1025.41 feet Water Column: 2.95 feet One Casing Volume .48 gal
Date Prepumped: 8/23/89 Time Prepumped: 1235-1246 Volume Prepumped: 1.9 gal
Prepumping Method Used: 2 PC SS Bailer Pump Rate: N/A gpm
Date Sampled: 8/23/89 Time Sampled: 1300 Sampling Equipment Used: above bailer
Sample Temperature: <u>16</u> °C Sample pH: <u>7.2</u> Sample Specific Conductance: <u>560</u> umho/cm2
Field Measurements Temperature Corrected: Yes_X_NoMetals Filtered in Field: Yes_X_No
Weather Conditions: 70° and sunny
Observations: collected prepump
split with Metcalf and Eddy
Sample Description: silty brown-no odor
Name and Affiliation of Sampler(s) <u>Terry J. Borgerding</u> , <u>PACE Laboratories</u> , <u>Inc.</u>
Name and Affiliation of Inspector(s) Present: Joseph Julik, MPCA/Ken Krueger Metcalf & Ed.

STABILIZATION TEST

Time	рН	Specific Conductance (umhos/cm2)	Temp.	Cumulative Volume Removed (gallons)
1239	7.2	570	16	.7
1242	7.2	560	16	1.3
1246	7.2	560	16	1.9
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				CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD Analytical Request
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		P.O. # / Billing Reference	way of the Artist to	Pace Project No.
hone		Project Name / No. Mr.	1-3 Extra	*Requested Due Date: 5-13-87
Sampled By (PRINT): Terence) Borgerdin Sampler Signature By Manuel By Manuel By	8/23/89	HESERVATIVES ANALYSIS REQUES TO THE COLUMN T	ES XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	TIME MATRIX PACE NO.	UNPF HINOS HOO HOO WAN	///////	REMARKS
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dditional Comments				



				CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD Analytical Request
Client ∇C	And the second s	Report To:		Pace Client No. 01900)
Address		Bill To:		Pace Project Manager OMC
		P.O. # / Billing Reference	90	Pace Project No. 810822. 200
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SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

Additional Comments



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

RECEIVED

AUG 0 3 1989

MPCA, HAZARDOUS

REGION 5 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DATE:	JUL 2 5 1989	WASTE DIVISION
SUBJECT: FROM:	Review of Region 5 data for WCI FREEZER Curtis Ross, Director Churk Elly for Region 5 Central Regional Laboratory	
To:	Data User:	
Attached are	the results for: CRL Data Set Numbers: RCRA 6294 CASE 12095 Sample Numbers: 89 KV01S01-525 (20) Parameter(s): VOLATILES Laboratory: Gulf South Environmental Labs	
Results Stati	us:	_
	DATA ACCEPTABLE FOR USE SEC REVIEWER'S COMMENTS. () DATA QUALIFIED AS TO USE () DATA UNACCEPTABLE FOR USE	
	For data acceptability requirements, refer to the method capability statement for the methods referenced.	
Comments b	y the Quality Control Coordinator:	
	If there are any questions regarding the data, refer them to David Payne, the Quality Control Coordinator, at 3-3805	
Please sign	and date this form below and return it with any comments to:	***************************************
	Sylvia Griffin Data Management Coordinator Region 5 Central Regional Laboratory (5SCRL)	2/5/1989
	MEGIO	A CENTRAL
RECEIVED I	BY/DATE:	Company Services